Private

STAFF SUMMARY OF MEETING

OTHER COMMITTEE COMMITTEE ON JOINT INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSIONS

		Attend	dance	
		Aislinn Kottwitz	*	
		Amber	V	
		McReynolds	X	
		Blanca Uzeta	V	
		O'Leary	X	
		Constance	~	
		Hass	X	
		Danny Moore	X	
		Elizabeth	Χ	
		Wilkes	^	
		Gary Horvath	X	
Date	08/24/2021	Heather Barry	X	
		Hunter Barnett	X	
Time	07:10:59 PM to 09:41:34 PM	Jason Kelly	X	
		John Buckley	X	
Place	Commerce City	Jolie Brawner	X	
		JulieMarie		
This Meetin	g was called to order by	Shepherd	X	
	Jolie Brawner	Macklin		
		Kevin Fletcher	X	
This Report	was prepared by	Lori Schell	X	
	Matthu Beck	Martha	~	
		Coleman	X	
		Moussa	~	
		Diawara	Χ	
		Paula Espinoza	X	
		Robin	Χ	
		Schepper	^	
		Samuel	Χ	
		Greenidge	^	
		Simon Tafoya	X	
		William Leone	X	
		Carlos Perez	X	
		Carly Hare	X	
		X = Present, E = Exc	cused, A = Absent, * = Present afte	r roll call

Hearing Items Action Taken

Expand All Items

Collapse All Items

07:11:09 PM

Chair Barry gave opening remarks on Adams County and Chair Brawner introduced the informational video on redistricting.

07:29:23 PM

Issamar Pichardo, representing Conservation Colorado/Protégete, testified. She spoke on her experience working with the community on environmental issues and asked that the commission keep Commerce City whole in CD8.

07:34:25 PM

Justine Sandoval, representing Cobalt, testified. She spoke on the issues that Cobalt works on in the state and asked that Adams County and Commerce City be kept as whole as possible.

07:37:19 PM

Ms. Susan Noble, representing self, testified. She spoke about the environmental concerns in the area and gave her thoughts on the legislative maps. Commissioner Schell asked a follow-up question on what communities to include with Commerce City.

07:41:40 PM

Mr. Mike Cortes, representing CLLARO (Colorado Latino Leadership Advocacy and Research Organization), testified. He distributed a packet of information and maps to the commission (Attachment A). He spoke on the map submitted by CLLARO and changes that they made.



1 of 3 9/28/2021 11:57 AM

07:48:11 PM

Mrs. Lori Goldstein, representing self, testified. She stated concerns with the current state house and senate maps as they run through Adams and Jefferson Counties and asked that the State Senate district be split at the county line. Commissioners asked follow-up questions on how districts being split across counties may affect school funding.

07:53:51 PM

Victor Galvan, representing United for a New Economy Colorado, testified. He described the work United for a New Economy Colorado does. He asked the the commission consider the Latino community of interest in Adams County when drawing both congressional and state legislative maps. Commissioner Schell asked follow-up questions on what areas are part of the community of interest near Commerce City.

08:00:10 PM

Mr. Pedro Gonzalez, representing self, testified. He stated that it was important to keep the Latino community in the area together in districts to not dilute their voice.

08:04:11 PM

Ms. Kate Miya, representing self, testified. She spoke on the importance of the Latino population being properly represented in her city of Thornton as well as all of Adams County.

08:08:21 PM

Mr. Alex Apodaca-Cobell, representing CLLARO (Colorado Latino Leadership Advocacy and Research Organization), testified. He mentioned that the organization had submitted a map that had 30 districts with thirty percent Latino population or more in the state house and senate maps. Commissioners asked follow-up questions regarding the competitiveness formula used for submitted maps and asked for insight on the Hispanic and Latino communities in the state.

08:27:16 PM

Craig Sullivan, representing self, testified. He testified regarding state Senate District 29 and concerns with Thornton being split. He asked that Thornton and Northglenn be grouped if possible as well.

08:29:56 PM

Dr. Ernestine Garcia, representing self, testified. She reiterated previous testimony for considering the Latino population in the area a community of interest and for keeping the Latino community including Brighton, Thornton, Commerce City, and other northern communities together in CD8. She submitted a written copy of her testimony (Attachment B).

08:35:57 PM

Representative Adrienne Benavidez, representing self, testified. She reiterated previous testimony on the latino population being a community of interest in the area. She spoke on issues important to the Latino population and why they need a strong voice in representation.

08:39:46 PM

Mr. Gil Reyes, representing self, testified. He testified that the maps proposed by CLLARO are the only maps currently submitted using up-to-date data and that the preliminary plan underestimated the growth in Latino population.

08:44:25 PM

Maria Gonzalez, representing Adelante Community Development, testified. She spoke on the importance of the small business community and how important it is to keep Commerce City whole.

08:53:08 PM

Sophie Thomas, representing self, testified. She asked that Commerce City be placed with Brighton and Thornton in a congressional district.

08:54:35 PM

Ms. Kathy Henson, representing self, testified. She asked that Adams County be kept whole in CD8. She spoke about the economic development and transportation advancements in the area.



2 of 3 9/28/2021 11:57 AM

08:58:15 PM

Mrs. Clara Jane Banzin, representing self, testified. She spoke on how Westminister can be isolated from other parts of Adams County and that they fit better with Jefferson County.

09:08:22 PM

Ms. Lynne Spence, representing self, testified. She spoke about the the average age in different Jefferson County and Adams County communities and spoke on how settled families live differently than renters. She submitted a copy of her shared information (Attachment C).

09:11:32 PM

Gena Ozols, representing COLOR (Colorado Organization for Latina Opportunity and Reproductive Rights), testified. She spoke on how gentrification has been a concern and how the Latino population has been under represented in the area. She asked that the map drawing process start in densely populated areas first.

09:13:49 PM

Mr. Rudy Gonzales, representing Servicios de La Raza, testified. He reiterated previous testimony that Commerce City should be in CD8 with Thornton and other unincorporated areas in Adams County. He also spoke on how it's important to have one federal representative to fight on behalf of the Latino community.

09:20:06 PM

Mr. Guillermo Serna, representing self, testified. He testified that Commerce City has never been prioritized and has been previously placed in districts that didn't have it's best interests in mind.

09:25:54 PM

Hector Porras, representing self, testified. He spoke on the strong Latino population in Commerce City and how it is important to have focused representation.

09:27:45 PM

Salvador Hernandez, representing Mi Familia Vota, testified. He reiterated previous support that Commerce City should be kept whole and spoke on the work he does with Mi Familia Vota.

09:32:29 PM

Ms. Julie Carr, representing self, testified. She spoke on how the maps effect Colorado Springs and how Southeast Colorado Springs neighborhoods need to be kept together on State House and Senate House Districts.

09:41:34

PM

The committee adjourned.

Q

3 of 3 9/28/2021 11:57 AM



TO: Members of the Colorado Independent Legislative Redistricting Commission and

Commission Staff

FROM: Colorado Latino Leadership, Advocacy & Research Organization (CLLARO)

SUBJECT: Proposed Colorado State Senate Plan, Updated August 20, 2021

Summary

This memorandum and attachments provide context and information about the *updated* Colorado Senate maps submitted by CLLARO to the Colorado Independent Legislative Redistricting Commission. The map was developed by centering and prioritizing Colorado's communities of interest, with particular focus on Latino/Hispanic communities across the state. Of the 35 proposed districts, 9 are 30 percent or more Latino. Additionally, 8 districts are competitive according to recent election results. CLLARO prioritized 13 districts in this plan that are centered on different Latino communities across the state. District lines and their descriptions in this memo have been updated based on the 2020 census data. Adjustments made to the districts required by 2020 census data reduced the number of districts that are 30 percent or more Latino from 10 to 9, with an additional district being 29 percent Latino. This is still more than the Preliminary map, which includes only 7 such districts. The same adjustments did not change the number of competitive districts. Competitiveness in this plan is defined as a margin of less than 10 percent between the parties in recent election results. ¹

CLLARO worked to preserve Latino communities of interest throughout Colorado in accordance with criteria outlined in the Colorado constitution so that those communities will have the opportunity to elect candidates who are most equipped to address their public policy issues, challenges, and needs. Generally, CLLARO tried to keep counties, cities, and towns together as reasonably possible unless keeping a community of interest whole required a split in any counties, cities, and towns. CLLARO also considered compactness in drafting this plan. CLLARO prioritized competitiveness after preceding criteria as required. More details regarding the constitutional criteria are provided in the previous memo accompanying CLLARO's Colorado Senate map submission on August 10, 2021.

Plan

Attachment A provides detailed maps of CLLARO's proposed Colorado Senate plan. Attachment B provides population summaries and the percentage by race and ethnicity in each district. Attachment C shows election results for the 2016 Presidential, 2020 Presidential, 2016 Senate, 2020 Senate, 2018 Governor, and 2018 Attorney General elections, as well as a composite of those election results.

Full Plan: https://davesredistricting.org/join/bea6156b-95ec-4c9e-959e-a80d9438b437

Data Overview

CLLARO has used 2020 census data to draw the districts in this plan. The 3.51 percent population deviation is within the legal threshold. CLLARO also attempted to account for the reallocation of prisoner populations to their home addresses using the limited available data but stayed within the allowed 5 percent deviation.

District Profiles

The following is an individual breakdown of each district pertaining to the criteria listed above:

Senate District 1 (Eastern Plains)

Senate District (SD1) is made up entirely of counties on the eastern plains as well as Elbert County, which is still largely rural, and the rural areas of Weld County. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 2 (Central Mountains, Rural El Paso, Fountain, Air Force Academy, Fort Carson)

Senate District (SD2) is based in the central mountain valleys and includes the entire counties of Park, Teller, Fremont, and Custer, as well as the rural portion of El Paso County, the City of Fountain, the Airforce Academy, and Fort Carson. SD2 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 3 (Pueblo) - CLLARO Priority

Senate District (SD3) contains nearly all of Pueblo County. At 42.7 percent Latino, the district is strongly Latino influenced. This district is majority-minority and has the second highest Native population in the state at 5.7 percent. SD3 is competitive, with Democratic candidates winning 50.4 percent to 45 percent in recent elections. Only 3 percent of the population of Pueblo County is foreign born, compared to 15 percent in Denver, Arapahoe, and Adams. Just over 15 percent of residents speak a language other than English at home, with Spanish being by far the most prevalent.

Senate District 4 (Parker, Castle Rock)

Senate District (SD4) contains the entire City of Parker as well as the entire City of Castle Rock The district is made up entirely of the urbanized areas in Douglas County. SD4 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 5 (Roaring Fork Valley, Summit, Lake) - CLLARO Priority

Senate District (SD5) contains the entire Roaring Fork Valley as well as the remainder of Pitkin and Eagle Counties, the City of Rifle in Garfield, and all of Summit and Lake Counties. The Latino population on the western slope is largely concentrated here, with Latinos making up 26.8 percent of the district. Of the school districts within SD5, Eagle County Schools, Roaring Fork School District, and Garfield School District 2 are now minority-majority. This region is linked economically by the tourism and hospitality industry, and it also has the common issue of wildfires. The Latino communities in the tri-county region are a community of interest. We are connected by the I-70 and Hwy 82 corridors. SD5 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 6 (Chaffee, Gunnison, Montrose, Delta, southwest counties)

Senate District (SD6) stretches from Chaffee County in the east to the Utah border in the west. It contains southern Mesa County and Montezuma County, excluding the southern extent of the county where the Native population is

^{1.} Uses the composite of 2016 Presidential, 2020 Presidential, 2016 Senate, 2020 Senate, 2018 Governor, and 2018 Attorney General election results, which do not include primaries or non-partisan elections.

concentrated. Gunnison, Delta, Chaffee, Montrose, Ouray, San Miguel, and Dolores counties remain whole in the district as well. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 7 (Grand Junction, Parachute, Moffat, Rio Blanco)

Senate District (SD7) is based in the northwest corner of the state. It contains all of Moffat and Rio Blanco Counties, as well as Garfield County east of Rifle and Mesa County to the north from Grand Junction. The region is linked economically and excludes the more tourism-dependent communities to the east. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 8 (Routt, Grand, Jackson, Estes Park, Gilpin, Clear Creek, rural Larimer/Boulder/Jeffco)

Senate District (SD8) is based in the mountainous counties in central-north Colorado. The area is largely rural with many communities sitting along the Urban-Wildlife Interface and sharing the issue of wildfires. Tourism and gambling are large industries here as well. The district excludes communities with more reliance on extractive industries. The district is not considered competitive, with Democratic candidates carrying the district 53 to 42.6 in recent elections.

Senate District 9 (Northern/Eastern El Paso County)

Senate District (SD9) contains the rural eastern portion of El Paso County as well as the northern stretches of Colorado Springs and exurban communities to the north. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 10 (Colorado Springs)

Senate District (SD10) is based in north and east Colorado Springs, largely north of Platte Avenue and east of Union Boulevard. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 11 (Colorado Springs, Manitou Springs)

Senate District (SD11) is based in western Colorado Springs, set against the foothills. The district contains Manitou Springs, which has strong ties to the western portion of the city. SD11 also contains the central area of Colorado Springs, including University of Colorado - Colorado Springs (UCCS). The district is highly competitive, with Republican candidates winning 48.6 percent to 46.5 percent in recent elections.¹

Senate District 12 (Colorado Springs) - CLLARO Priority

Senate District (SD12) contains eastern and southern Colorado Springs as well as the unincorporated communities to the southeast. The district contains the city's most Latino and Black populated neighborhoods and is majority-minority. The district is 29.3% Latino and 14.6% Black. SD12 is highly competitive, with Democratic candidates winning 47.7 percent to 45.6 in recent elections.¹

Senate District 13 (Brighton, Greeley Hwy-85 Corridor) - CLLARO Priority

Senate District (SD13) contains the communities along the Highway 85 corridor, from Greeley to Brighton. These are traditionally agricultural communities that have seen rapid growth in recent years. The Highway 85 corridor is also the most heavily Latino portion of Weld County. The district is majority-minority with Latinos making up 46.8 percent of the population. This district maintains the split of east and west Greeley as in the House of Representatives map. The district includes most of Brighton, except for the newer more exurban portion of the city to the east, which remains in an Adams County based district. SD13 is competitive, with Republican candidates winning 49.4 percent to 45.2 percent in recent elections.¹

Senate District 14 (Fort Collins)

Senate District (SD14) is made up entirely of the City of Fort Collins. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 15 (Fort Collins-Greeley suburbs)

Senate District (SD15) is centered on the communities around the northern Front Range, including: Loveland,

^{1.} Uses the composite of 2016 Presidential, 2020 Presidential, 2016 Senate, 2020 Senate, 2018 Governor, and 2018 Attorney General election results, which do not include primaries or non-partisan elections.

Windsor, Severance, Eaton, and western Greeley. These communities are growing rapidly and are economically linked along the Hwy 34 corridor. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 16 (Denver, Aurora, Greenwood Village, Cherry Hills Village, Tech Center)

Senate District (SD16) is based in the tech center portions of both Denver and Arapahoe Counties and includes the moderate-income neighborhoods of southeast Denver, Cherry Hills Village, Greenwood Village, urban unincorporated Arapahoe, and the excess population of Aurora that could not be contained in the other Senate seats. While the district is 58.3 percent White, it is also highly diverse, with large Latino (15.7 percent), Black (15.9 percent), and Asian-American/Pacific Islander (AAPI) (8.8 percent) communities. SD16 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 17 (Longmont, Erie, Lafayette)

Senate District (SD17) contains the entire cities of Longmont, Erie and Lafayette in both Boulder and Weld Counties. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 18 (Boulder, Louisville, Superior)

Senate District (SD18) contains the entire cities of Boulder, Louisville, and Superior in Boulder County. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 19 (Arvada, Westminster)

Senate District (SD19) contains nearly all the City of Arvada and the Jeffco portion of Westminster as it has in the past. The district is not considered competitive, with Democratic candidates winning 52.8 percent to 42.6 percent in recent elections, however, the current district voted 53.1 percent to 42.2 percent for Democratic candidates by the same metric and switched parties twice in the past decade.

Senate District 20 (Wheat Ridge, Golden, Jeffco foothills)

Senate District (SD20) contains the entire City of Wheat Ridge as well as the City of Golden. The district also contains the largest communities in the Jeffco foothills and the western and southwestern portions of Arvada that are not within SD19. The district is not considered competitive, voting 53.7 percent for Democratic candidates compared to 41.9 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

Senate District 21 (Commerce City, Aurora, Unincorporated Adams) - CLLARO Priority

Senate District (SD21) remains a majority-minority district and 48.2 percent of the population is Latino. The district stretches from the urban unincorporated neighborhoods in southwest Adams County to the Adams County portion of the City of Aurora, as well as the rural portion of the county. SD21 is more cohesive economically and is home to many airport workers as it surrounds Denver International Airport. The district is largely economically distressed as well, according to indicators like rent-to-income ratio. SD21 is home to many immigrant communities, with the foreign-born population ranging from 15.7 percent in Commerce City to 23.7 percent in the unincorporated community of Welby in southwest Adams County. This area is also linguistically diverse, with 33 percent of Commerce City residents and 40 percent of residents in southwest Adams County speaking a language other than English at home. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 22 (Lakewood, Edgewater) - CLLARO Priority

Senate District (SD22) is nearly the entire City of Lakewood as well as Edgewater. These two communities have the largest Latino populations by percentage in Jeffco, leaving the district at 22.9 percent Latino overall. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 23 (Broomfield, I-25 corridor)

Senate District (SD23) runs from the City and County of Broomfield to the Town of Johnstown, running along I-25. The Towns of Mead, Miliken, Dacono, Frederick, Berthoud, and Firestone all remain whole in this district. SD23 is competitive, with Republican candidates winning 49.3 percent to 46.3 percent in recent elections.¹

^{1.} Uses the composite of 2016 Presidential, 2020 Presidential, 2016 Senate, 2020 Senate, 2018 Governor, and 2018 Attorney General election results, which do not include primaries or non-partisan elections.

Senate District 24 (Westminster, Thornton, Todd Creek) - CLLARO Priority

Senate District (SD24) contains the entire City of Westminster in Adams County, as well as Thornton, mostly north of 128th Avenue, and Todd Creek. The district remains diverse, and Latino influenced at 30.6 percent. The district is not considered competitive, with Democratic candidates winning 53.7 percent to 41.9 percent in recent elections¹

Senate District 25 (Thornton, Federal Heights, Northglenn) - CLLARO Priority

Senate District (SD25) remains majority-minority and Latinos make up 46 percent of the population. The district is based in "Original" Thornton, taking in most of the city south of 128th Avenue, as well as the cities of Northglenn and Federal Heights, and a portion of the unincorporated community of Welby. This area has close economic ties and is demographically similar in terms of income as well. SD25 contains Riverdale Regional Park & Fairgrounds, where the Adams County Fair is located. This event has increasing significance to the local Latino community, with Dia de La Familia being the most well attended day of the fair each year. A significant number of residents speak a language other than English at home, especially in the communities and neighborhoods in the southern end of the district. SD25 is not considered competitive, with Democratic candidates winning 55.9 percent to 38.6 percent in recent elections.¹

Senate District 26 (Littleton, Columbine, Sheridan, Englewood)

Senate District (SD26) contains the entire City of Littleton as well as the surrounding suburban communities in Arapahoe and Jeffco Counties. Littleton is strongly associated with Sheridan and Englewood, with strong ties between their school districts. The district is competitive, with Democratic candidates winning 50.9 percent to 44.7 percent in recent elections.¹

Senate District 27 (Centennial, Lone Tree)

Senate District (SD27) contains the entire City of Centennial and the entire City of Lone Tree. This district is cohesive, being moderately high-income and south suburban, centered near the tech center. There is also a large AAPI population at 10.5 percent. The district is competitive, with Democratic candidates winning 50.4 percent to 45.9 percent in recent elections.¹

Senate District 28 (Aurora)

Senate District (SD28) is centered in southern Aurora. The district is majority-minority, with large Latino, Black, and AAPI communities making up 22.5, 17.8 and 9.2 percent respectively. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 29 (Aurora) - CLLARO Priority

Senate District (SD29) contains central and southeastern Aurora with Colfax Avenue to the north, going all the way to the Douglas County line in the south. The district also includes the rural portion of Arapahoe County. The district remains majority-minority and highly diverse, and Latinos make up 32.5 percent of the population. African-Americans also make up a large population in this district at nearly 19.2 percent. The district is also 7.5 percent AAPI. SD29 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 30 (Highlands Ranch, rural Douglas)

Senate District (SD30) contains all of Highlands Ranch as well the rural and unincorporated exurban areas in Douglas County. The district is largely high-income. SD30 is not considered competitive, with Republican candidates winning 54.6 percent to 41.9 percent in recent elections.¹

Senate District 31 (Denver)

Senate District (SD31) contains the highest income neighborhoods around central and eastern Denver, as well as Capitol Hill and much of the Downtown area. The district is non-competitive according to recent elections.

Senate District 32 (Denver) - CLLARO Priority

Senate District (SD32) is based in southern Denver. At 30.3 percent, the district maintains its Latino influence and is

^{1.} Uses the composite of 2016 Presidential, 2020 Presidential, 2016 Senate, 2020 Senate, 2018 Governor, and 2018 Attorney General election results, which do not include primaries or non-partisan elections.

expected to enable Latino voters to select a candidate that meets their needs. The district contains Athmar Park, Valverde, Baker, and all southwest Denver neighborhoods south of Mississippi Avenue. SD32 contains many low- and moderate-income neighborhoods throughout this part of Denver. SD32 runs along the southern edge of Denver, including the University of Denver area, and contains the City of Glendale to the east. SD32 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 33 (Denver) - CLLARO Priority

Senate District (SD33) contains the historically Black neighborhoods of Denver's Eastside as well as East Colfax, Central Park, and the far Northeast neighborhoods, which are also strongly Black and Latino by population. The district is highly diverse, being 35 percent White, 35 percent Latino, and 23 percent Black. SD33 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Senate District 34 (Denver) - CLLARO Priority

Senate District (SD34) remains based in west and northwest Denver and contains all of the traditionally Latino neighborhoods on Denver's Northside. On the Westside, SD34 contains West Colfax, Lincoln Park/La Alma, as well as Barnum and Westwood. To the east, the district includes Globeville and Elyria Swansea, as well as Lower Downtown Denver (LoDo). Greatly impacted by gentrification over the past decade, the district barely remains majority-minority and is 39.5 percent Latino. SD34 is non-competitive according to recent elections.

Senate District 35 (San Luis Valley, Arkansas River Valley, Southwest corner) - CLLARO Priority

Senate District (SD35) is centered on the San Luis Valley and includes the strongly Latino counties in the Arkansas River Valley: Huerfano, Las Animas, and Otero. To the west, the district takes in both Ute Nations (Ute Mountain Ute and Southern Ute) as well as La Plata, San Juan, and Hinsdale Counties. At 27.9 percent, the district maintains its Latino/Hispanic influence. At 7.6 percent, this district also has the highest Native population in the state. SD35 is competitive, with Republican candidates winning 47.8 percent to 47.6 percent in recent elections.¹

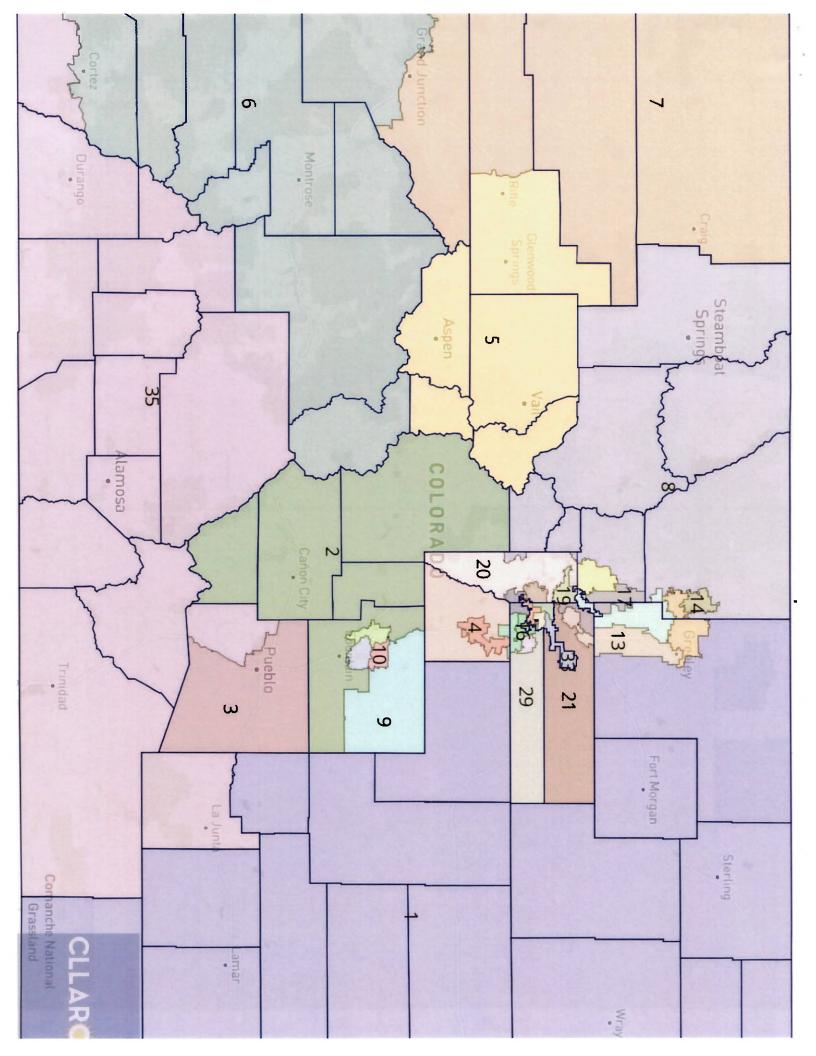
Attachments

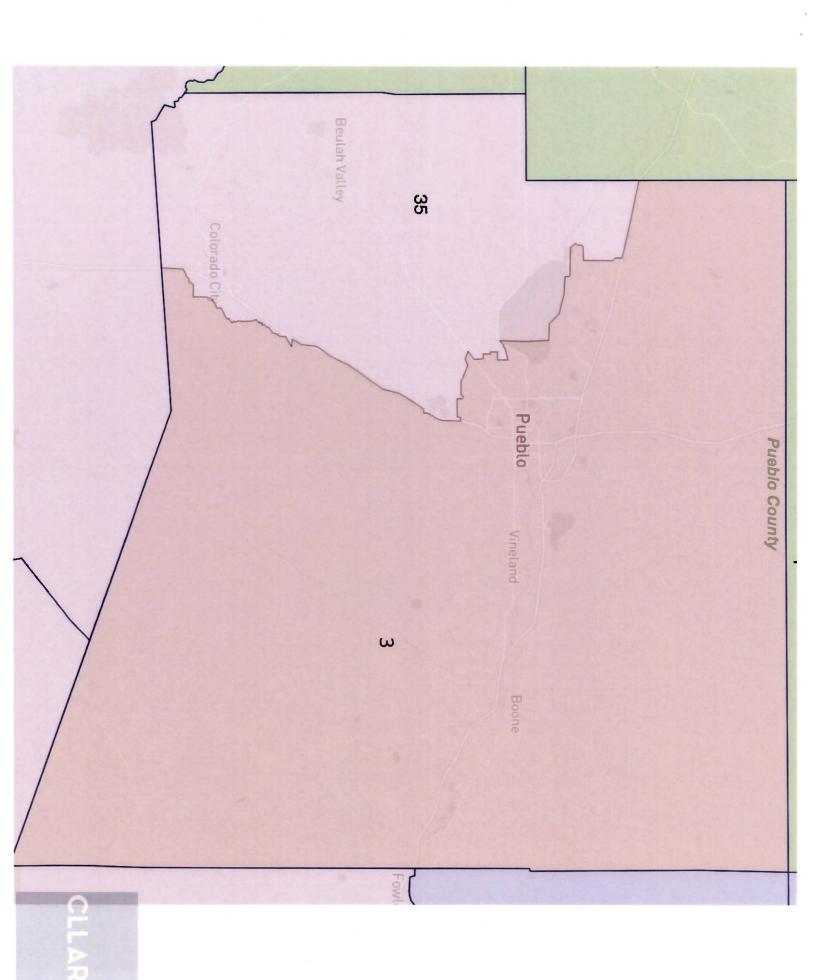
CLLARO Colorado Senate Map Attachment A

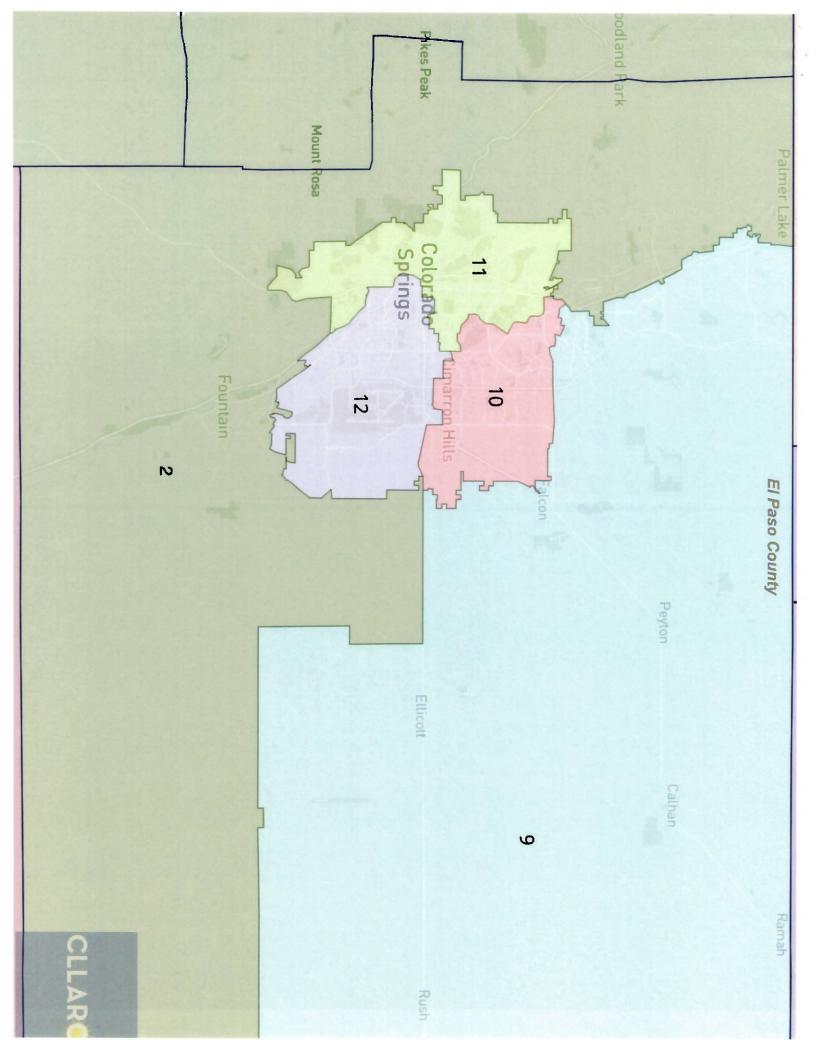
Population Summary and Race and Ethnicity Attachment B

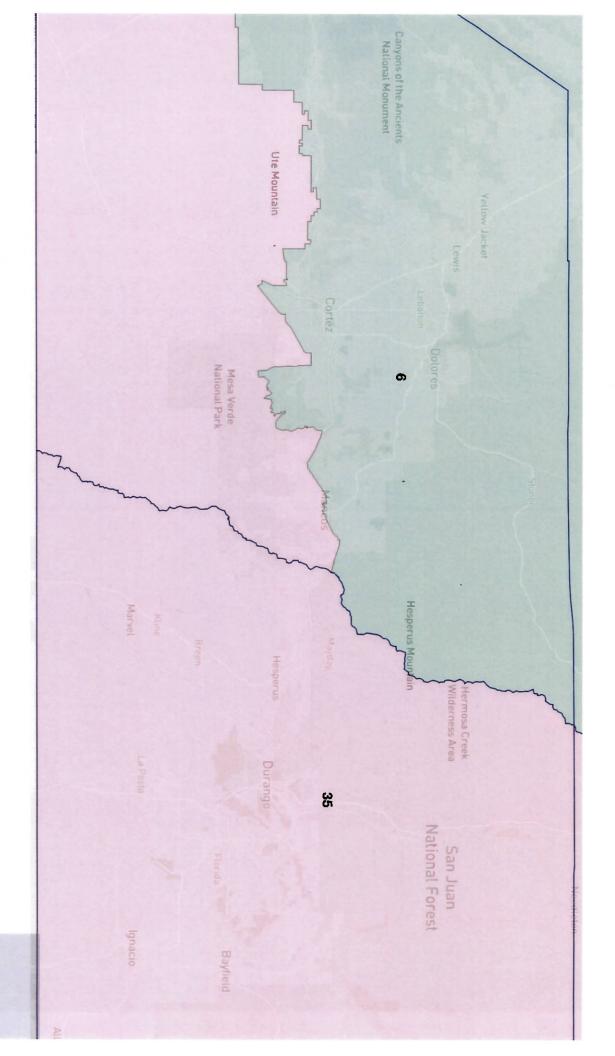
Election Results (2016-2020) Attachment C

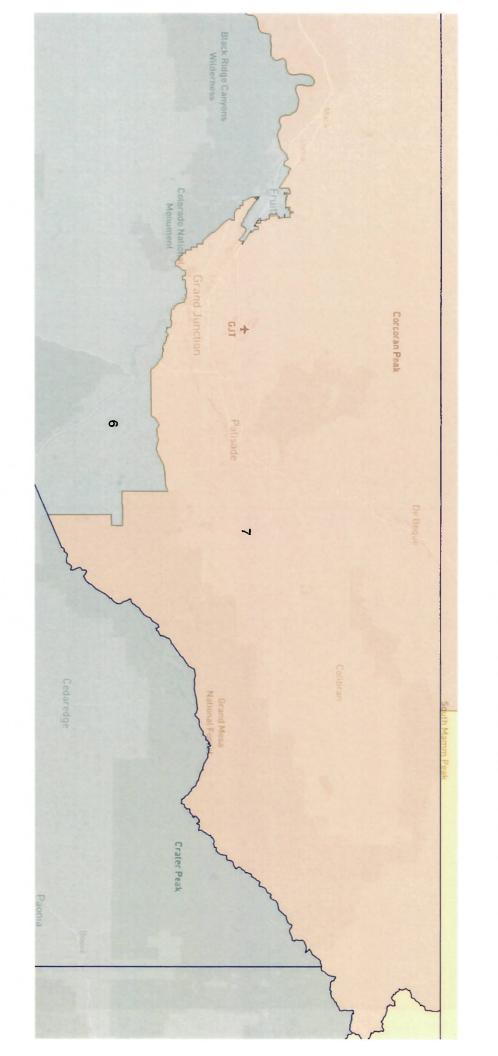
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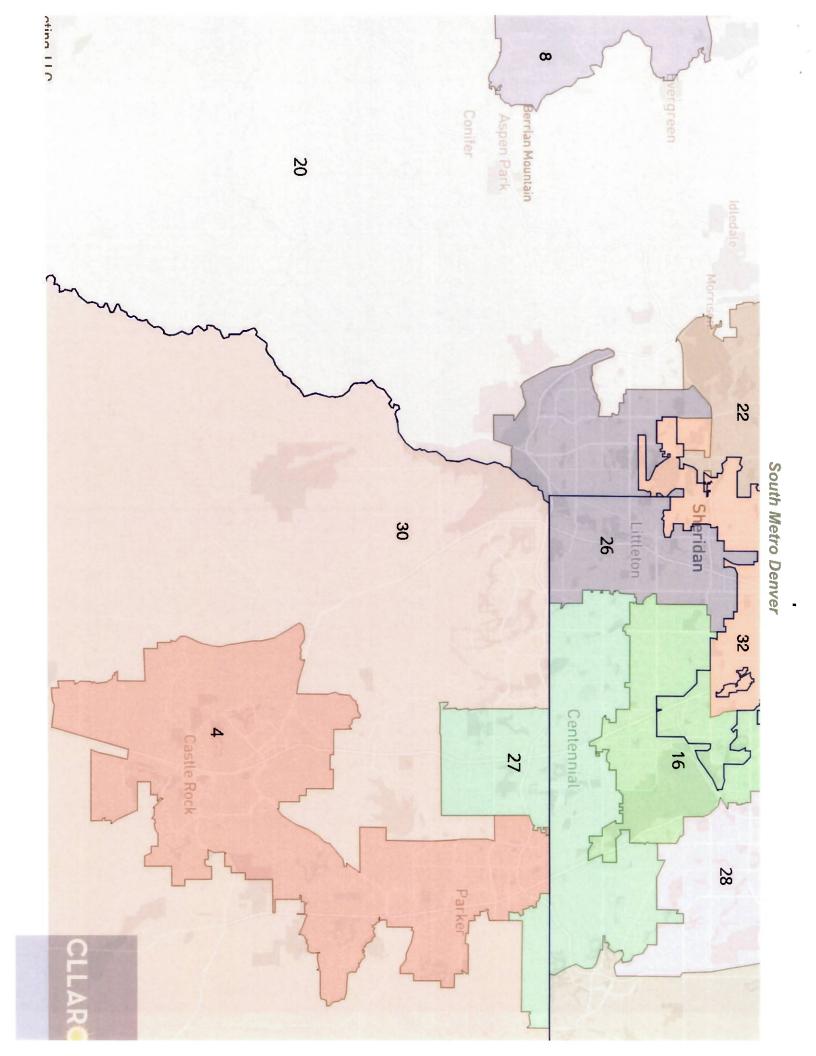


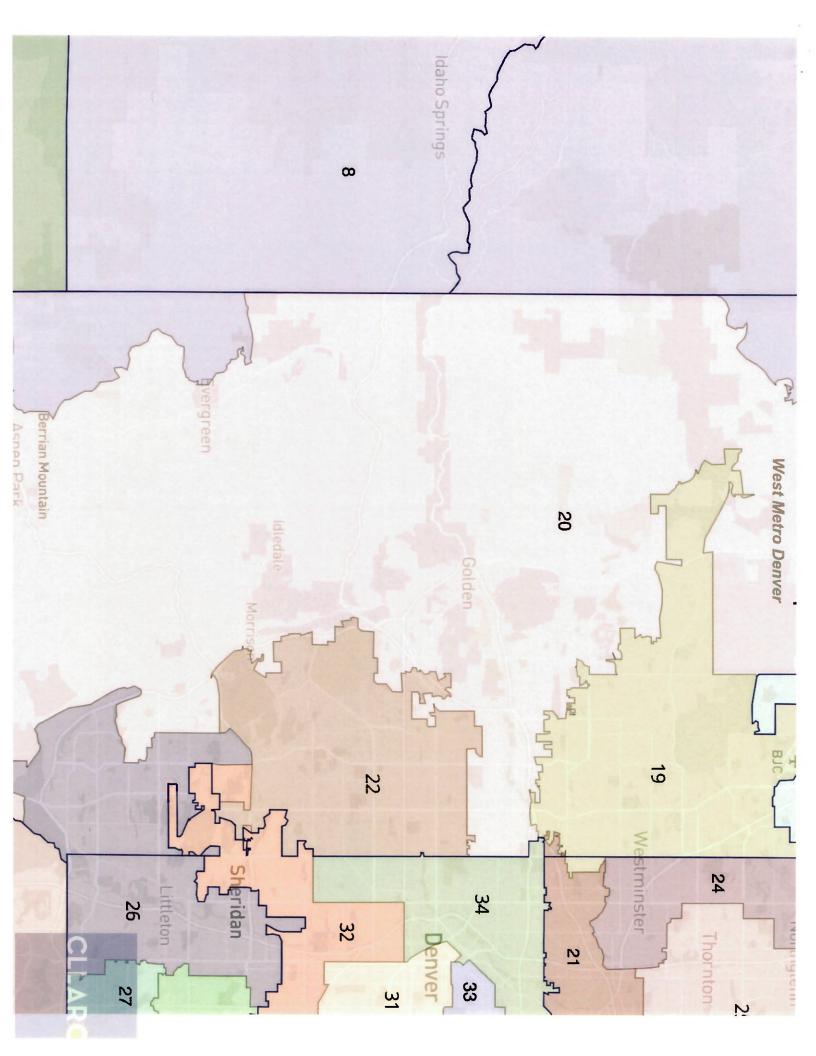


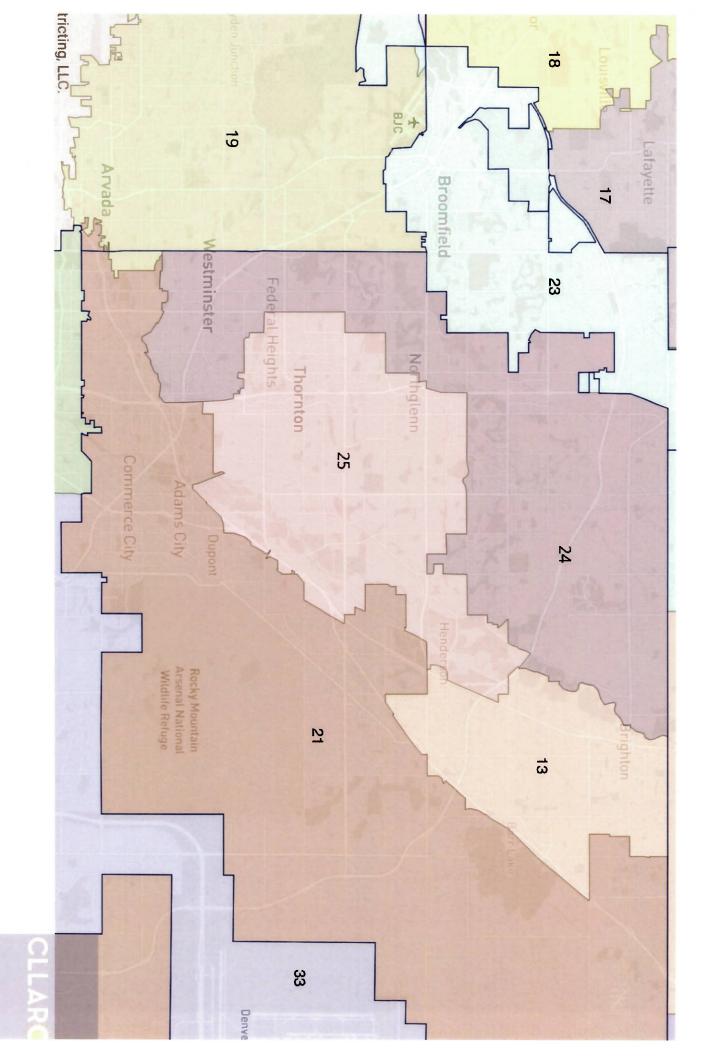


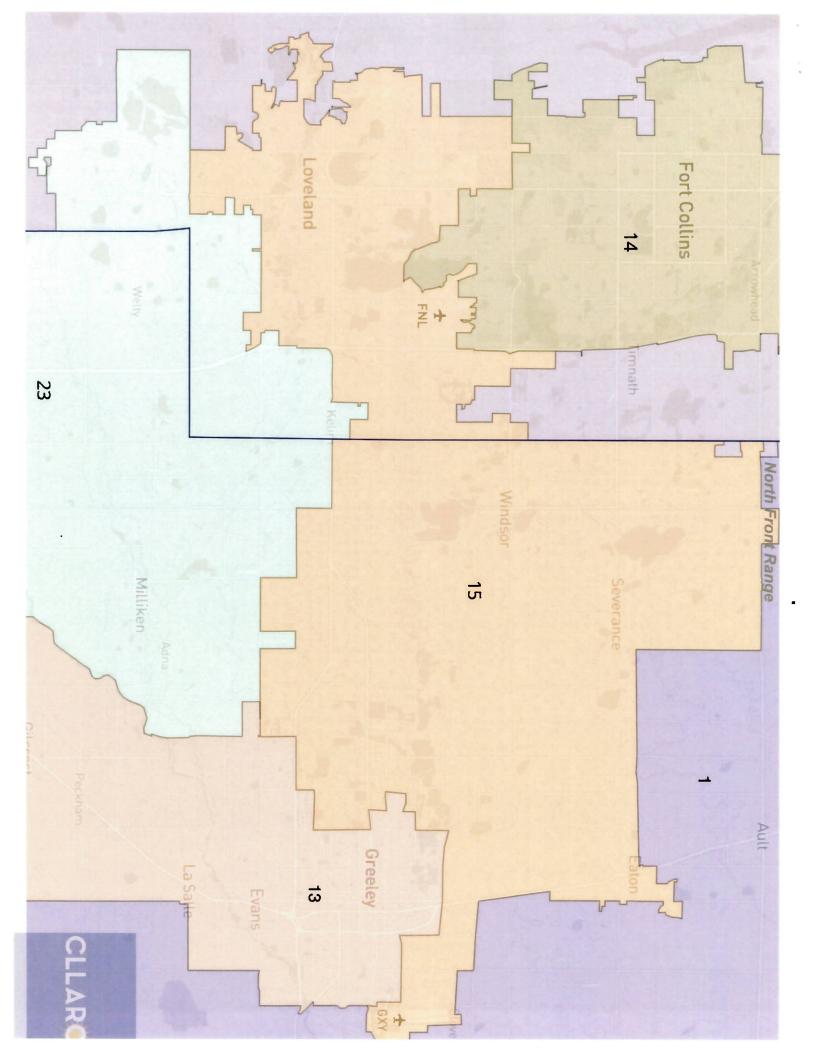


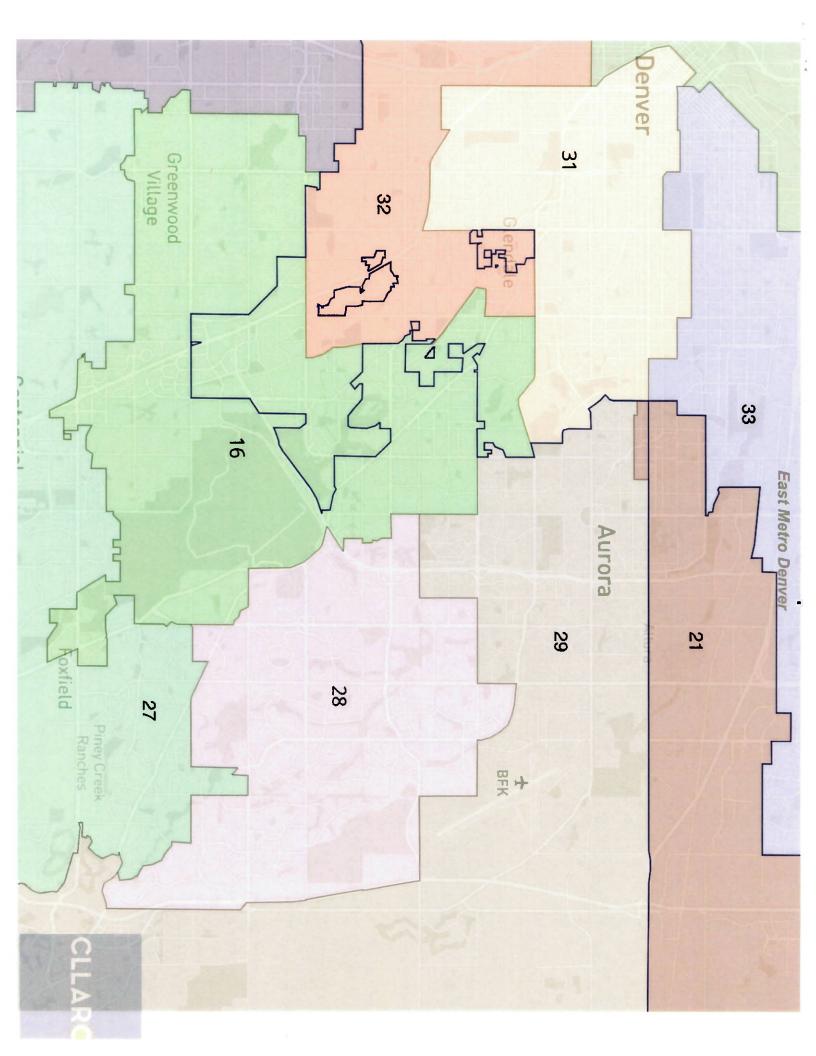












Colorado Senate Population / Race Ethnicity Summary

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30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	District	Senate
140,700	127,892	144,815	145,214	155,389	147,763	138,144	114,923	151,283	130,718	154,128	146,383	151,995	135,451	141,914	126,809	142,553	144,070	142,122	154,864	143,173	121,037	149,206	156,806	158,467	155,052	125,924	153,019	151,696	164,710	Population	2010 Total
120,525	54,346	84,822	116,611	125,575	79,268	85,842	90,973	106,792	56,127	132,706	117,211	127,076	99,036	91,187	107,250	119,065	75,798	75,704	123,501	104,893	101,575	131,706	129,476	131,627	111,877	107,597	80,820	119,820	124,045	Population	2010 White
9,416	42,698	25,938	11,228	20,504	57,412	40,155	16,455	34,178	59,923	14,247	20,311	12,006	27,717	19,620	15,248	13,892	62,121	38,334	17,582	19,314	9,256	12,726	21,723	20,690	38,797	10,506	65,143	17,226	33,077	Population	2010 Latino
2,181	24,470	23,676	6,552	3,087	4,071	3,008	1,394	3,461	10,292	1,697	2,317	2,039	1,984	20,202	1,169	2,628	2,974	21,924	6,910	11,109	3,766	1,232	1,771	1,221	1,527	2,464	4,272	8,884	4,285	Population	2010 Black
8,103	7,704	11,581	10,762	5,290	6,724	8,811	5,526	6,032	4,775	4,496	5,938	10,158	6,092	11,366	2,283	6,141	2,682	7,959	6,228	8,445	5,801	2,314	2,283	1,688	2,273	4,945	2,362	4,210	1,578	Population	2010 AAPI
1,349	2,828	2,928	1,519	2,757	3,871	2,895	1,666	3,698	3,547	2,079	2,637	1,571	2,388	2,133	1,940	2,143	3,478	4,478	3,338	3,006	2,025	2,273	3,409	4,726	2,004	1,432	5,128	3,888	3,041	Population	2010 Native
97,837	91,185	105,104	108,105	120,601	106,561	100,683	82,902	119,655	89,944	120,848	112,306	125,025	99,725	111,979	94,949	114,083	104,444	103,106	124,316	103,955	84,397	119,001	119,525	123,459	119,028	86,343	115,371	117,614	125,145	VAP	2010 Total
85,460	43,830	66,861	89,391	100,871	63,341	66,876	600,89	89,780	43,490	106,214	93,239	106,880	76,917	76,447	83,025	97,630	61,480	60,254	102,591	79,770	72,789	107,654	102,102	105,918	91,107	75,482	65,903	95,647	97,767	VAP	2010 White
5,692	25,842	15,705	7,038	13,338	35,588	25,553	9,969	22,444	36,468	9,612	13,001	8,324	17,095	12,887	9,222	9,525	38,474	23,490	11,777	11,728	5,361	8,087	13,562	13,287	24,693	6,131	44,264	11,564	21,382	VAP	2010 Latino
1,228	16,371	14,588	4,099	1,890	2,425	1,778	772	2,133	6,555	1,058	1,307	1,488	1,109	14,095	573	1,732	1,959	14,068	4,553	6,716	2,153	727	979	818	1,083	1,402	2,724	6,013	3,412	VAP	2010 Black

Colorado Senate
Population / Race Ethnicity Summary

35 16	34 13	33 12	32 15	31 13	District Popul	Senate 2010		
160,732	138,830	121,055	154,406	137,339	Population F	2010 Total 2		
104,372	52,490	35,194	87,471	107,887	Population	2010 White		
47,204	75,956	44,036	51,181	12,850	Population Population	2010 Latino		
1,604	5,945	38,521	7,074	10,041		2010 Latino 2010 Black 2010 AAPI		
1,860	4,437	5,211	8,524	6,199	Population	2010 AAPI		
9,422	4,852	3,151	3,947	2,281	Population	Native	2010	
124,936	104,672	85,295	121,856	118,989	VAP	2010 Total		
85,351	47,294	28,772	76,097	95,721	VAP	2010 White	14.	
32,914	49,811	26,756	33,710	10,149	VAP	2010 Latino 2010 Black		
1,014	3,649	26,815	4,988	7,925	VAP	2010 Black		

Colorado Senate
Population / Race Ethnicity Summary

	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_					_		_									
30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	District	Senate
4,976	5,322	7,973	7,219	3,565	4,547	5,929	3,582	4,325	3,203	3,067	4,030	7,666	886′8	8,300	1,398	4,449	1,894	5,336	4,386	5,387	3,399	1,496	1,533	1,126	1,607	2,918	1,566	2,770	1,050	VAP	2010 AAPI
843	1,854	1,819	1,001	1,945	2,598	1,899	1,088	2,502	2,283	1,465	1,759	1,181	1,555	1,476	1,246	1,526	2,377	2,890	2,392	1,857	1,278	1,582	2,346	3,167	1,402	865	3,617	2,737	2,288	Native VAP	2010
163,810	163,667	163,323	164,916	165,467	163,881	163,452	164,683	165,444	164,014	166,137	165,092	166,286	166,324	164,151	165,520	166,120	163,701	163,309	163,916	164,617	166,567	166,066	165,617	165,900	166,038	165,275	161,933	167,729	167,514	Population	2020 Total
128,972	65,048	80,602	118,921	124,651	70,921	92,882	120,519	109,375	61,151	134,560	123,704	128,837	115,735	95,627	129,731	127,976	74,087	80,250	121,004	109,192	126,201	138,005	127,322	130,754	112,447	129,317	80,384	121,681	119,476	Population	2020 White
13,551	53,263	36,812	16,533	24,552	75,438	50,024	27,191	37,953	79,090	17,730	25,477	16,031	33,750	25,779	24,264	20,356	76,687	47,931	22,299	27,823	17,904	16,919	25,967	22,929	44,544	17,639	69,168	23,205	36,922	Population	2020 Latino
3,276	31,454	29,122	8,829	4,478	5,664	4,772	2,985	5,082	13,578	2,617	3,652	3,310	3,147	26,051	2,798	4,290	5,166	23,836	9,163	14,240	7,417	2,091	2,482	1,941	1,945	4,691	5,846	11,267	4,300	Population	2020 Black
14,540	13,596	16,191	17,912	7,434	9,487	12,799	9,918	9,084	8,698	6,535	8,117	14,306	9,544	15,178	4,324	9,435	4,825	10,476	8,227	11,245	11,120	3,941	3,718	2,668	3,622	10,161	3,359	6,452	2,368	Population	2020 AAPI
3,445	5,988	5,669	3,720	5,427	7,559	6,495	4,813	6,686	7,231	4,613	5,796	3,008	5,003	4,489	5,337	4,683	7,172	7,825	6,010	6,325	5,082	4,486	6,484	7,767	4,496	4,102	9,265	6,537	5,933	Population	2020 Native
122,002	119,815	124,063	127,624	132,994	122,588	124,654	124,313	135,672	117,617	134,072	131,563	139,757	127,775	131,798	127,727	135,838	120,874	122,154	135,044	125,323	122,316	135,104	130,139	133,298	130,382	120,592	125,831	134,213	129,285	VAP	2020 Total
99,018	52,087	66,630	95,157	103,838	59,301	75,490	94,402	94,593	48,756	111,214	102,057	110,801	93,168	81,490	103,926	107,378	61,006	65,360	103,483	87,433	96,321	115,553	103,729	108,747	93,338	97,226	67,222	100,741	95,962	VAP	2020 White

Colorado Senate Population / Race Ethnicity Summary

,307 88,256	132,307	12,575	2,891	2,326	46,177	104,916	165,516	6,678	1,260	35
,259 73,638	134,259	7,622	7,043	8,803	64,577	81,003	163,460	3,359	3,407	34
,986 45,743	119,986	5,651	11,614	37,680	57,273	57,270	163,532	2,026	3,451	33
,113 81,723	135,113	6,530	10,636	8,708	50,110	93,370	165,446	2,761	6,497	32
,579 110,963	143,579	3,963	9,041	11,173	17,527	124,877	165,412	1,809	4,648	31
VAP	\Ap	Population	ation Population	Population	Population	Population	Population	Native VAP	VAP	District
otal 2020 White	2020 Total	Native	2020 AAPI	2020 Black	2020 White 2020 Latino 2020	2020 White	2020 Total	2010	2010 AAPI	Senate
		2020								

Colorado Senate Population / Race Ethnicity Summary

1,867 6,916 3,032 9,124 3,638 6,736 3,034 5,282 6,124 12,693 19,579 11,913 21,975 9,514	5,033 3,446 4,598 5,479 4,064 2,702 4,086 4,149	15% 115% 20% 20% 110% 115% 117% 117% 117% 117% 117% 117% 31%
6,916 9,124 6,736 5,282 12,693 11,913	4,2,4,5,5	776 396 349 319 319 246 246 246 246 246 247 248 248 248 248 248 248 248 248 248 248
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6,916	ᆈᆈ	,776 ,776 ,649 ,649 ,246 ,246 ,458 ,116 ,116 ,033
	5	3,776 3,396 3,649 2,319 4,246 3,458 5,116 5,033
	l.	,776 ,396 ,649 ,319 ,246 ,458
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	سا	3,776 3,396 3,649 2,319 4,246
5,952		3,776 3,396 3,649 2,319
	N	3,776 3,396 3,649
6,669	LI3),776),396
	w	7776
2,887	w	7.20
	fan	3469
3,262	(m	5,111
7,266	ហេ	5,541
	4	4,491
7,806	4	4,371
	ω	3,402
2,749	w	3,305
2,622	4	4,816
1,790	ភ	5,548
	ω	3,268
	2	2,813
2,362	اھا	6,820
8,161 4,392	_ا	4,811
3,178 1,593	4	4,324
VAP VAP Native VAP	Į₹	VAP Percentage
2020 Black 2020 AAPI 20	2020	20 2020 Latino

Colorado Senate Population / Race Ethnicity Summary

lack 8%+ AAPI 5%+ Native	8%+ AAPI	15%+ Black	30%+ Latino 15%+ B		の一年の			THE PARTY OF THE P
2	6	4	9					
8%	2%	1%	28%	9,118	1,926	1,563	33,335	35
5%	4%	5%	40%	5,830	5,878	5,832	46,615	34
3%	7%	23%	35%	4,170	8,027	27,403	38,246	33
4%	6%	5%	30%	4,972	8,430	6,291	36,064	32
2%	5%	7%	11%	3,188	7,019	8,695	14,267	31
Percentage Percentage	Percentage	Percentage	Native VAP Percentage	Native VAP	VAP	VAP	VAP	District
2020 AAPI 2020 Native		2020 Latino 2020 Black	2020 Latino	2020	2020 AAPI	2020 Black	2020 Latino	Senate

Colorado Senate Election Results (2016-2020)

30 92,539	29 55,224	28 72,978	27 91,6	26 93,881	25 59,140		23 77,837	22 86,045	21 50,602		19 90,287		17 82,053			14 89,296	13 57,528	12 52,747			9 81,325	8 99,389	7 81,143	6 88,822	5 78,806	4 81,527	3 74,825	2 70,039	1 80,879	District (Total)	Senate President	2016
35,817			52 42,624	81 43,493	.40 30,442		32,668)45 46,385	02 25,271	50 49,871						96 50,475	28 24,215			12 23,459	25 19,053	89 48,427				27 27,523	25 34,841		79 15,779) (Dem)	nt President	2016
49,141	20,845	27,356	41,082	41,559	23,162	30,016	37,704	31,788	21,139	41,835	38,846	15,071	27,004	25,132	48,104	29,134	27,773	24,760	42,965	44,861	54,892	42,502	53,473	51,950	29,025	46,371	33,795	44,810	60,239	(Rep)	President	2016
92,341	54,813	72,352	91,468	92,521	56,153	69,291	76,321	83,905	48,226	98,564	88,175	99,207	81,421	78,302	84,154	87,786	56,690	52,063	87,890	75,861	81,064	98,823	80,577	88,221	77,339	80,725	74,064	69,558	80,286	(Total)	Senate	2016
36,281	30,478	40,092	43,444	44,870	30,777	36,038	33,638	46,661	25,330	50,103	44,108	74,316	46,919	47,928	32,098	50,332	26,700	23,484	38,238	24,990	20,171	49,552	24,256	33,176	43,123	28,395	39,161	22,243	21,960	(Dem)	Senate	2016
52,380	21,442	28,114	44,252	42,639	21,522	29,387	38,323	31,639	19,984	42,900	38,785	17,442	29,004	26,815	47,832	31,516	26,319	24,180	44,380	46,227	57,296	42,933	51,594	50,181	28,503	48,194	30,823	43,245	55,233	(Rep)	Senate	2016
87,572	48,818	63,428	84,460	85,754	49,056	67,279	74,338	78,662	44,552	94,738	84,907	92,902	78,703	70,876	79,997	80,221	49,356	42,277	77,093	64,646	76,115	93,319	70,203	81,461	70,886	76,228	63,066	61,000	72,255	(Total)	Governor	2018
36,822	28,254	37,419	42,991	44,341	28,032	36,662	35,366	46,817	24,065	51,727	45,684	76,932	50,643	45,417	31,309	52,323	22,059	21,052	36,670	24,043	21,120	51,447	23,395	33,404	43,400	29,135	32,560	20,816	15,655	(Dem)	Governor	2018
48,244	18,674	23,480	38,980	38,107	18,280	27,862	36,100	28,414	18,230	39,492	35,446	14,092	25,281	23,444	45,467	25,390	24,465	18,605	37,495	37,573	52,351	38,696	44,190	45,179	25,124	44,122	27,393	37,284	53,594	(Rep)	Governor	2018

Colorado Senate Election Results (2016-2020)

	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2018	2018	2018
Senate	President	President	President	Senate	Senate	Senate	Governor	Governor	Governor
District	(Total)	(Dem)	(Rep)	(Total)	(Dem)	(Rep)	(Total)	(Dem)	(Rep)
31	96,624	73,661	15,924	95,402	71,501	18,937	92,932	74,119	16,661
32	79,257	51,794	20,905	78,180	51,434	22,358	71,567	50,029	18,907
33	61,763	50,495	7,537	60,964	48,725	9,462	56,995	47,695	7,526
34	67,078	50,902	10,915	65,854	49,281	12,576	62,548	49,870	10,443
35	85,100	36,893	40,887	84,577	40,988	38,921	76,952	37,694	36,228

Colorado Senate Election Results (2016-2020)

																							_									
30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	District	Senate	
86,413	48,358	62,813	83,443	84,544	48,291	66,058	73,068	77,564	43,775	93,230	83,546	91,503	77,530	70,168	78,803	78,885	48,581	42,092	76,502	64,124	75,490	91,906	69,036	80,203	69,367	75,297	62,524	60,401	71,326	(Total)	Attorney General	2018
33,543	27,093	35,711	39,893	41,516	26,938	34,750	33,222	44,364	23,219	48,803	42,951	74,522	48,501	43,676	29,174	49,102	21,494	20,478	34,968	22,606	19,552	49,009	21,103	31,635	41,570	26,698	31,732	19,619	15,137	(Dem)	Attorney General	2018
50,638	19,677	24,921	41,328	40,307	19,198	29,015	37,244	30,400	18,791	41,465	37,598	15,076	26,513	24,758	46,950	27,260	24,886	19,361	38,806	38,852	53,551	39,896	45,582	46,034	25,550	46,147	28,467	38,381	54,005	(Rep)	Attorney General	2018
109,964	69,312	84,418	104,979	106,021	69,128	88,979	100,113	99,141	65,077	113,045	107,272	103,655	99,580	88,835	103,689	97,931	64,027	63,477	97,009	90,127	103,850	114,530	93,856	104,926	91,182	103,659	84,053	82,806	91,312	(Total)	President	2020
51,813	42,116	52,124	58,390	58,805	40,375	50,853	49,832	62,241	36,607	65,905	61,366	86,970	67,322	60,626	42,998	65,415	29,905	32,237	49,289	37,179	33,423	64,348	30,956	42,863	57,085	43,849	42,428	28,474	20,003	(Dem)	President	2020
55,721	25,444	29,949	43,918	44,302	26,438	35,735	47,423	34,039	26,674	44,035	42,819	14,748	29,675	26,123	57,797	29,339	32,111	28,210	44,518	49,359	67,178	47,233	60,592	59,829	31,893	57,000	39,445	51,783	69,452	(Rep)	President	2020
110,114	68,858	83,872	104,857	105,824	68,725	88,695	99,214	98,902	64,821	113,043	107,131	103,251	99,407	88,554	101,611	94,039	63,756	62,861	96,688	89,561	103,619	112,317	92,341	104,092	90,506	103,486	83,207	82,137	90,808	(Total)	2020 Senate	
48,377	40,298	49,979	55,193	56,336	39,508	48,925	47,137	60,410	35,787	63,317	59,286	84,714	64,865	58,243	40,042	60,439	29,332	31,013	46,601	34,855	30,361	61,257	28,967	41,319	55,293	40,748	41,462	27,394	19,203	(Dem)	Senate	2020
60,184	26,740	31,544	47,900	47,309	26,799	37,581	50,025	36,085	27,097	47,540	45,409	16,995	32,494	28,593	59,484	31,349	32,586	28,613	47,291	51,593	70,742	48,766	60,822	60,498	33,330	60,640	39,281	52,128	69,997	(Rep)	Senate	2020

Colorado Senate Election Results (2016-2020)

35	34	33	32	31	District	Senate	
75,899	61,840	56,483	70,956	92,034	(Total)	Attorney General	2018
36,648	48,793	46,804	48,521	72,197	(Dem)	Attorney General Attorney General Attorney General	2018
36,768	11,004	8,230	20,238	17,879	(Rep)	Attorney General	2018
98,014	85,658	77,342	89,996	110,135	(Total)	President	2020
47,796	69,535	65,253	65,166	90,901	(Dem)	President	2020
47,802	14,130	10,522	22,437	16,954	(Rep)	President	2020
97,131	85,407	77,201	89,848	110,023	(Total)	2020 Senate	
46,704	67,938	64,105	63,599	88,202	(Dem)	Senate	2020
48,170	15,818	11,565	24,335	20,210	(Rep)	Senate	2020

Colorado Senate Election Results (2016-2020)

.13%	52.723	40,433	96.486	30
	22,113	33,062	57,556	29
	27,568	42,372	73,310	28
	42,884	47,066	93,456	27
	42,354	48,230	94,744	26
	22,560	32,664	58,412	25
	31,573	40,505	75,436	24
	41,112	38,634	83,453	23
23%	32,076	51,129	87,390	22
13%	21,955	28,367	52,820	21
12%	42,847	54,915	102,193	20
11%	39,823	49,368	93,553	19
67%	15,563	79,379	98,580	18
31%	28,345	54,283	86,426	17
32%	25,824	50,638	79,279	16
-20%	50,928	34,030	88,801	15
31%	28,964	54,660	88,036	14
	27,983	25,608	56,653	13
	23,982	25,088	52,590	12
	42,622	40,385	87,223	11
-23%	44,770	27,836	76,803	10
-43%	59,311	23,918	688,98	6
11%	43,313	53,846	101,614	8
-36%	52,705	24,950	81,200	7
-19%	52,167	35,193	91,166	6
24%	28,895	47,179	79,586	5
-21%	50,384	32,694	86,817	4
	33,114	37,095	73,623	3
-32%	44,513	22,835	70,927	2
-54%	60,054	17,686	80,912	1
Margin	(Rep)	(Dem)	(Total)	District
Composite	Composite	Composite	Composite	Senate
2016-2020	2016-2020	2016-2020	2016-2020	

Colorado Senate Election Results (2016-2020)

8	Competitive			
9	Lean Rep			
18	Lean Dem			
0%	41,182	40,982	86,164	35
64%	12,450	56,046	71,423	34
71%	9,150	53,833	65,123	33
44%	21,518	55,098	79,981	32
63%	17,764	78,427	99,519	31
Margin	(Rep)	(Dem)	(Total)	District
Composite	Composite	Composite	Composite	Senate
2016-2020	2016-2020	2016-2020	2016-2020	



TO: Members of the Colorado Independent Legislative Redistricting Commission and

Commission Staff

FROM: Colorado Latino Leadership, Advocacy & Research Organization (CLLARO)

SUBJECT: Proposed Colorado State House of Representatives Plan, Updated August 20, 2021

Summary

This memorandum and attachments provide context and information about the *updated* Colorado House of Representatives maps submitted by CLLARO to the Colorado Independent Legislative Redistricting Commission. The memorandum will describe House districts centered on communities of interest, with particular focus on Latino communities. Of the 65 proposed districts, 16 are 30 percent or more Latino. This compares to only 12 such districts in the Preliminary map. Additionally, 11 districts are competitive according to recent election results.¹ CLLARO prioritized 17 districts in this plan that are centered on Latino communities across the state. District lines and their descriptions in this memo have been updated based on the 2020 census data. Adjustments made to the districts based on that data did not change the number of districts that are 30 percent or more Latino. Those adjustments did reduce the number of competitive districts in this plan from 12 to 11. Competitiveness in this plan is defined as a margin of less than 10 percent between the parties in recent election results.¹

CLLARO worked to preserve Latino communities of interest throughout Colorado in accordance with criteria outlined in the Colorado constitution so that those communities will have the opportunity to elect candidates who are most equipped to address their public policy issues, challenges, and needs. Generally, CLLARO tried to keep counties, cities, and towns together as reasonably possible unless keeping a community of interest whole required a split in any counties, cities, and towns. CLLARO also considered compactness in drafting this plan. CLLARO prioritized competitiveness after preceding criteria as required. More details regarding the constitutional criteria are provided in the previous memo accompanying CLLARO's Colorado House of Representatives map submission on August 10, 2021.

Plan

Attachment A provides detailed maps of CLLARO's proposed Colorado House of Representatives plan. Attachment B provides population summaries and the percentage by race and ethnicity in each district. Attachment C shows election results for the 2016 Presidential, 2020 Presidential, 2016 Senate, 2020 Senate, 2018 Governor, and 2018 Attorney General elections, as well as a composite of those election results.

Full Plan: https://davesredistricting.org/join/20958d4e-aa23-4155-a3c0-c62367180998

Data Overview

CLLARO has used 2020 census data to draw the districts in this plan. The 4.28 percent population deviation is within the legal threshold. CLLARO also attempted to account for the reallocation of prisoner populations to their home addresses using the limited available data but stayed within the allowed 5 percent deviation.

District Profiles

The following is an individual breakdown of each district pertaining to the criteria listed above:

HD1 (Denver) - CLLARO Priority

House District 1 (HD1) is in southwest Denver, reaching Mississippi Avenue to the north and as far as Downing Street to the east. The district includes the traditionally Latino neighborhoods of southwest Denver, including Ruby Hill, Harvey Park, College View and Mar Lee along with more recently Latino-influenced neighborhoods: Bear Valley, Marston, Fort Logan, and South Harvey Park. The district maintains a majority-minority population and is 44.6 percent Latino. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD2 (Denver)

House District 2 (HD2) is based in central Denver, and includes Golden Triangle, Alamo Placita, West Wash Park, Wash Park, Cherry Creek, Belcaro, Cherry Creek North, and Speer, and the University of Denver area. HD2 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD3 (Arapahoe County)

House District 3 (HD3) is based in southern Arapahoe County and includes Greenwood Village and western Centennial. HD3 is highly competitive, voting 52.4 percent to 44.1 percent for Democratic candidates in recent elections.¹

HD4 (Denver) - CLLARO Priority

House District (HD4) is based in north and west Denver, largely including neighborhoods west of Federal Boulevard, as well as Chaffee Park, Sun Valley, and parts of Sunnyside. The district maintains its historic Latino-influence, at 43.7 percent. At 39.5 percent of the voting-age population, Latino voters would continue to have the ability to elect candidates who meet their needs. The Latino population in this area has been greatly impacted by gentrification and the high cost of housing. The same district would have been 56 percent Latino in 2010. HD4 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD5 (Denver) - CLLARO Priority

House District 5 (HD5) follows the east side of the Federal Boulevard corridor, and includes the westside neighborhoods Athmar Park, Valverde, and Lincoln Park/La Alma. The district also includes Downtown, Auraria Campus, Jefferson Park, Highlands and most of Sunnyside. To the east, HD5 includes Globeville and Elyria Swansea, two neighborhoods greatly impacted by industrial contamination and air pollution. In addition, HD5 includes the entire Little Saigon district on South Federal Boulevard. Overall, the district remains Latino-influenced as it has been

^{1.} Uses the composite of 2016 Presidential, 2020 Presidential, 2016 Senate, 2020 Senate, 2018 Governor, and 2018 Attorney General election results, which do not include primaries or non-partisan elections.

in the past, with 32.1 percent of the population being Latino. The Latino population here has also been greatly impacted by gentrification and the high cost of housing. The same district would have been 50 percent Latino in 2010. HD5 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD6 (Denver/Glendale)

House District 6 (HD6) is based in east and central Denver, containing Lowry, Windsor, Hilltop, Montclair, Hale, Capitol Hill, Congress Park, Uptown, and Cheesman Park. HD6 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD7 (Denver) - CLLARO Priority

House District 7 (HD7) is based in the neighborhoods along the I-70/Pena Boulevard corridor between Denver International Airport and the rest of Denver. This corridor is highly diverse, including Green Valley Ranch, Gateway, Montbello, and a portion of Central Park. The district is 25.7 percent Black and is 48.3 percent Latino. HD7 shares the Central Park neighborhood with neighboring HD8 and HD30. With 31,000+ residents, Central Park alone would make up more than a third of a House district. At 67.9 percent White, the neighborhood would also overwhelm the surrounding Black and Latino-influenced districts. Splitting the neighborhood 3 ways helps keep the surrounding districts intact. HD7 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD8 (Denver)

House District 8 (HD8) contains the historically Black neighborhoods in northeast Denver, including: Five Points, Whittier, Skyland, City Park, Park Hill, and East Colfax. The district also includes parts of Central Park, Cole, and Clayton, as well as the entire Colfax Corridor east of Downing Street. This area has also been greatly impacted by gentrification; however, significant Latino and Black communities remain here. The district is 19 percent Latino and 20 percent Black. HD8 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD9 (Denver/Arapahoe County)

House District 9 (HD9) is a southeast Denver district, containing a portion of the Denver Tech Center and the City of Glendale. The district also includes Virginia Villageand Indian Creek. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD10 (City of Boulder/Gunbarrel)

House District 10 (HD10) is based in central Boulder, including the University of Colorado, as well as Gunbarrel. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD11 (Longmont) - CLLARO Priority

House District 11 (HD11) contains nearly the entire City of Longmont. The city has a large Latino community, so the district would be 26.4 percent Latino. HD11 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD12 (Louisville, Lafayette, Erie)

House District 12 (HD12) contains the entire Cities of Louisville, Lafayette, and Erie. These communities between Boulder and Denver are closely linked. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD13 (Boulder, Clear Creek, Gilpin, Evergreen)

House District 13 (HD13) is based in the foothills area around Boulder, Jeffco, and Gilpin County. The district contains the southern and western neighborhoods in the City of Boulder, Superior, Eldorado Springs, Coal Creek, Evergreen, as well as all of Gilpin County. All of these communities have specific public policy concerns, including transportation and gambling, as well as wildfires with much of the district sitting within the Urban-Wildland Interface. HD13 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD14 (Fountain, Fort Carson, rural El Paso County)

House District 14 (HD14) is wholly within El Paso County, including the rural parts on the east side of the county, as well as the City of Fountain and Fort Carson. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

^{1.} Uses the composite of 2016 Presidential, 2020 Presidential, 2016 Senate, 2020 Senate, 2018 Governor, and 2018 Attorney General election results, which do not include primaries or non-partisan elections.

HD15 (Colorado Springs, Cimarron Hills)

House District 15 (HD15) contains eastern Colorado Springs, mostly east of Prowers Boulevard. The district goes as far south as Cimarron Hills. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD16 (Colorado Springs)

House District 16 contains Colorado Springs north of Austin Bluffs, largely south of Briargate Parkway and west of Prowers Boulevard. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD17 (Colorado Springs) - CLLARO Priority

House District 17 is based in southeastern Colorado Springs, the most heavily Black and Latino area of the city. The district is 51.6 percent non-white, 30.5 percent Latino, and 14.9 percent Black. This district largely overlaps with Harrison School District, where 74% of students qualify for free and reduced lunch. HD17 is competitive, voting 49.9 percent for Democratic candidates and 43.4 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD18 (Colorado Springs)

House District 18 (HD18) includes central and northwest Colorado Springs, specifically around Palmer Park, University of Colorado – Colorado Springs (UCCS), Austin Bluffs, and central neighborhoods north of Penrose Hospital. HD18 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD19 (Air Force Academy, Monument, Black Forest)

House District 19 (HD19) contains the communities in northern El Paso County, with the exception of Palmer Lake, and the furthest northern reaches of Colorado Springs. This district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD20 (Manitou Springs, Colorado Springs)

House District 20 (HD20) is centered in Manitou Springs and western Colorado Springs, including Old Colorado City. The latter has common interest with the westside of Colorado Springs and other foothills-based neighborhoods to the north and south. The central neighborhoods around Colorado College are also of similar interest. HD20 is competitive, voting 51.5 percent for Democratic candidates and 43.7 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD21 (Colorado Springs, Stratmoor, Security-Widefield)

House District 21 (HD21) contains a small portion of Colorado Springs as well as nearby unincorporated communities Stratmoor and Security-Widefield. The district is 50.3 percent White, 27.4 percent Latino and 14.2 percent Black. HD21 is competitive, voting 42.4 percent for Democratic candidates and 51.2 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD22 (Columbine, Ken Caryl, Dakota Ridge)

House District 22 (HD22) contains the south Jeffco unincorporated communities west of Littleton. HD22 is competitive, voting 45.2 percent for Democratic candidates and 50.8 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD23 (Lakewood)

House District 23 (HD23) contains western Lakewood, with Kipling Street and Garrison Street making the longest borders to the east. The district takes in the furthest western extent of Denver to connect the isolated portion of Lakewood to the rest of the district. HD23 is non-competitive according to recent election results.¹

HD24 (Wheat Ridge, Arvada, Applewood)

House District 24 (HD24) is based in Wheat Ridge and contains much of the suburban communities between Wheat Ridge and Golden, including Applewood. Arvada is too large for a single district, so HD24 takes in the southwestern portion that does not fit in HD27. Though there are closer individual election results, overall HD24 is non-competitive.

^{1.} Uses the composite of 2016 Presidential, 2020 Presidential, 2016 Senate, 2020 Senate, 2018 Governor, and 2018 Attorney General election results, which do not include primaries or non-partisan elections.

In recent elections, the district voted 54.5 percent for Democratic candidates and 41.1 percent for Republican candidates.¹

HD25 (Golden, Genesee, Indian Hills, Morrison, Conifer)

House District 25 (HD25) is based in Golden and other foothills communities in Jefferson County. These areas share specific policy concerns, including transportation. The district is largely centered on the Urban-Wildlife Interface. HD25 is not considered competitive, voting 53.1 percent for Democratic candidates and 42.6 for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD26 (Fort Lupton, Lochbuie, Hudson, Platteville, Frederick, Firestone, Dacono)

House District 26 (HD26) is based in southern Weld County, containing the exurban and rural communities north of metro Denver. While the district has a significant Latino population (30.3 percent), Latino voters would not be considered to have great influence as voting patterns appear to be more polarized.

HD27 (Arvada)

House District 27 (HD27) is based entirely in Arvada, containing no other municipality. The district is competitive, voting 52.4 percent for Democratic candidates and 43 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD28 (Lakewood, Edgewater) - CLLARO Priority

House District 28 (HD28) is based in eastern Lakewood, keeping the Sheridan Boulevard corridor along the Lakewood-Denver and Edgewater-Denver borders intact. The Latino population in Jeffco is centered along the Sheridan corridor and this district is 30.2 percent Latino, indicating Latino voters would have a greater amount of influence. HD28 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD29 (Federal Heights, Westminster, Sherrelwood, Perl Mack, Berkley) - CLLARO Priority

House District 29 (HD29) is based in southwest Adams County, containing most of the unincorporated communities in that area (Sherrelwood, Perl Mack, Berkley). These communities along with the City of Federal Heights are highly Latino by population. The district also includes a small portion of unincorporated Jeffco that is heavily Latino. The City of Westminster is larger than a single House district and southern Westminster is distinct from the rest of the city, being 41 percent Latino compared to 23.4 percent in the city overall. Westminster City Council, which is elected entirely at-large, currently has no Latino members and none from the southern portion of the city. This indicates Latino voters in this part of Westminster may not have as much influence when paired with the rest of the city. This part of Westminster and the neighborhoods to the south are served by Westminster Public Schools. In that district, 76% of students qualify for free and reduced lunch compared to just 42% in Adams 12 to the north. HD29 is 52.3 percent Latino, creating a new district where Latino voters have significant influence. HD29 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD30 (Aurora, Denver) - CLLARO Priority

House District 30 (HD30) is based in north Aurora, which is highly diverse. Colfax Avenue is the major economic corridor in this part of the city. HD30 is majority-minority and 43.6 percent Latino. The district is also 16.6 percent Black and 7.3 percent AAPI. The Central Park neighborhood in Denver has development extending into this part of Aurora and also shares Bluff Lake Nature Center, and the district extends into Denver to take in most of the neighborhood. HD30 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD31 (Thornton) - CLLARO Priority

House District 31 (HD31) is entirely based in the City of Thornton, going as far as 144th Avenue to the north. The district includes "Original" Thornton in the south. HD31 is 34 percent Latino, and that population is expected to grow over the next decade. HD31 is competitive, voting 51.4 percent for Democratic candidates and 43.7 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

^{1.} Uses the composite of 2016 Presidential, 2020 Presidential, 2016 Senate, 2020 Senate, 2018 Governor, and 2018 Attorney General election results, which do not include primaries or non-partisan elections.

HD32 (Commerce City, Henderson, Welby) - CLLARO Priority

House District 32 (HD32) contains the entire City of Commerce City as well as the unincorporated communities of Henderson and Welby. This configuration maintains this district's Latino majority (52.9 percent). With a Lation voting age population of 49% vs. 41% for White voters, Latino voters and other non-white voters would be expected to elect the candidate they prefer. Commerce City faces specific policy issues around air pollution and industrial contamination, but also contains diverse and rapidly growing suburban neighborhoods to the north so issues of transportation are also quite relevant. This district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD33 (Broomfield, Thornton, Todd Creek)

House District 33 (HD33) contains all of the City and County of Broomfield as well as the northernmost suburban communities in Adams County, including Todd Creek and part of Thornton. HD33 has a significant Asian-American / Pacific Islander (APPI) population at 8.8 percent. HD33 is non-competitive, voting 54.2 percent for Democratic candidates and 41.8 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD34 (Northglenn, Thornton) - CLLARO Priority

House District 34 (HD34) contains the entire City of Northglenn as well as the nearest Thornton neighborhoods to the north and south. This district maintains existing Latino influence, being 41.4 percent Latino. HD34 is not considered competitive, voting 55.4 percent for Democratic candidates and 39.2 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD35 (Westminster)

House District 35 (HD35) contains all of Westminster except for the southern portion that remains in HD29. The district is non-competitive, voting 54.7 percent for Democratic candidates and 40.7 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD36 (Aurora)

House District 36 (HD36) contains the easternmost neighborhoods of Aurora. The district is rapidly diversifying, going from 60.4 percent White in the last census to 51.9 percent White in 2020. HD36 is home to significant Latino, Black, and AAPI populations at 20.4, 15.9, and 11.2 percent respectively. The district is not considered competitive, voting 53.5 percent for Democratic candidates and 42.5 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD37 (Centennial, Aurora, Foxfield)

House District 37 (HD37) contains all of the City of Centennial east of I-25, the Town of Foxfield, as well as the far southern reaches of Aurora, going into Douglas County. There is a significant APPI population living here, making up 13.7 percent of the population. HD37 is competitive according to recent election results, voting 51.2 percent for Democratic candidates and 45.3 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD38 (Sheridan, Englewood, Littleton, Cherry Hills Village)

House District 38 (HD38) contains the entire City of Littleton in Arapahoe County as well as the cities of Sheridan, Englewood, and Cherry Hills Village. The district maintains the important community of interest around Sheridan, Englewood, and northern Littleton, which are lower income than surrounding communities. There is a close relationship between Sheridan and Englewood's school districts with Littleton Public Schools as well. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD39 (Douglas County, Palmer Lake)

House District 39 (HD39) contains all rural Douglas County as well as parts of Highlands Ranch and Lone Tree. In El Paso County, the district contains Palmer Lake. The district is more rural and exurban than surrounding districts that contain larger towns and cities. HD39 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD40 (Aurora)

House District 40 (HD40) contains southern-central Aurora. The district contains Cherry Creek Reservoir and is

^{1.} Uses the composite of 2016 Presidential, 2020 Presidential, 2016 Senate, 2020 Senate, 2018 Governor, and 2018 Attorney General election results, which do not include primaries or non-partisan elections.

centered along Quincy Avenue. HD40 has a significant AAPI population at 9.8 percent. HD40 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD41 (Aurora)

House District 41 (HD41) contains the urban unincorporated portion of Arapahoe County (Dayton Triangle) as well as the nearby neighborhoods in Aurora along East Iliff Avenue. The district majority non-white and is home to significant Latino and Black populations at 22.2 and 21.5 percent respectively, as well as a significant AAPI population at 7.6 percent. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD42 (Aurora) - CLLARO Priority

House District 42 (HD42) remains centered in central-west Aurora in Arapahoe County. The district maintains a strong Latino influence at 39.1 percent as well as a large Black population at 24.6 percent. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD43 (Highlands Ranch)

House District 43 (HD43) is entirely within Highlands Ranch, though the city is now too large for a single house district. HD43 is competitive, voting 46.2 percent for Democratic candidates and 50.3 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD44 (Parker)

House District 44 (HD44) contains the entire City of Parker as nearby unincorporated areas in Douglas County. The district is largely urban, leaving rural areas in neighboring HD39. HD44 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD45 (Castle Rock)

House District 45 (HD45) is based in the City of Castle Rock and other nearby exurban communities. HD45 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD46 (Pueblo) - CLLARO Priority

House District 46 (HD46) contains the entire City of Pueblo outside of HD62. The district is strongly Latino influenced at 42.9 percent. HD46 is not considered competitive, voting 53.8 percent for Democratic candidates and 41.4 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD47 (Pueblo West, Fremont, Las Animas, Otero)

House District 47 (HD47) contains the remainder of Pueblo County outside of HD46 and HD62, as well as a portion of Fremont County and the entirety of Otero and Las Animas Counties. HD47 is 28.9 percent Latino, and not considered Latino-influenced given racially polarized voting. HD47 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD48 (Greeley, Miliken, Johnstown, Berthoud, Mead)

House District 48 (HD48) contains the remainder of the City of Greeley not included in HD50, as well as the entire cities of Miliken, Johnstown, Berthoud, and Mead. All are smaller towns surrounding the larger cities of the northern Front Range and all overlap with Weld County. HD48 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD49 (Larimer and Boulder counties)

House District 49 (HD49) contains the rural areas of Larimer County as well as communities in northeast Boulder County. The district is competitive, voting for 49.1 percent for Democratic candidates and 46.9 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD50 (Greeley/Evans) - CLLARO Priority

House District 50 (HD50) contains the entire City of Evans as well as Garden City and Greeley, largely east of 35th Avenue. This part of Greeley is a Latino community of interest that has been recognized in previous redistricting cycles. The area is heavily Latino and far less affluent than the neighborhoods to the west. This district remains

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majority-minority and is 49.6 percent Latino. Western Greeley and more rural communities to the east are home to White voters who appear to vote as a block against the preferred candidates of Latino voters. HD50 is competitive, voting 49.4 percent for Democratic candidates and 44.9 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD51 (Loveland)

House District 51 (HD51) contains the entire City of Loveland. The district is not considered competitive, voting 42.4 for Democratic candidates and 52.8 for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD52 (Fort Collins)

House District 52 (HD52) contains all of Fort Collins that is not contained within HD53, mostly the eastern and southern portions of the city. The district is not considered competitive, with Democrats receiving 56.6 percent of the vote and Republican candidates receiving 39 percent in recent elections.¹

HD53 (Fort Collins)

House District 53 (HD53) contains all of Fort Collins that is both north of Horsetooth Road and west of Lemay Avenue, including Colorado State University campus. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD54 (Mesa County, Cedaredge, Paonia)

House District 54 (HD54) contains most of Mesa County outside of Grand Junction and Delta County outside of the City of Delta. The district is very rural, including both extractive industries and agricultural communities. HD54 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD55 (Grand Junction)

House District 55 (HD55) is centered in urban Mesa County, including the entire City of Grand Junction. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD56 (Eagle, Summit, Lake, Chaffee) - CLLARO Priority

House District 56 (HD56) contains Summit and Lake Counties as well as all of Eagle County except for the portion in the Roaring Fork Valley. Lake County residents also largely work in Eagle or Summit County and so it is included in this district. Many Latinos live in this region and work in the construction and ski industries, leaving the population at 25.4 percent Latino. Latinos and other residents face an acute housing crisis in these mountain communities. The district includes the northernmost portion of Chaffee County, excluding Buena Vista. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD57 (Moffat, Rio Blanco, Routt, Jackson, Grand, Clear Creek, Park)

House District 57 (HD57). The district includes rural extractive areas to the west in Moffat, Rio Blanco, as well as more recreation-oriented areas to the east in Routt, Grand, Clear Creek, and Park. This region is also highly vulnerable to forest fires, causing issues for the economy as well as the many communities surrounded by large, forested wilderness areas. HD57 is not considered competitive, voting 53.2 percent for Republican candidates and 42.2 percent for Democratic candidates in recent elections.¹

HD58 (Delta, Montrose, San Miguel, Dolores, Montezuma, Ouray)

House District 58 (HD58) contains rural and agricultural communities in southwest Colorado. The district contains all of Montrose, San Miguel, Ouray, and Dolores counties as well as the City of Delta in Delta County, and the non-Ute heavy areas of Montezuma County including the City of Cortez. The district is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD59 (Ute Mountain Ute Nation, Southern Ute Nation, Archuleta, La Plata, Montezuma, San Juan, Hinsdale, Gunnison)

House District 59 (HD59) includes both Ute Nations (Southern Ute and Ute Mountain Ute), as well as the entire counties of La Plata, San Juan, Hinsdale, Archuleta, and Gunnison. The district excludes the areas of Montezuma County without a significant Native population. This district has the largest Native population in the state at 8.8

^{1.} Uses the composite of 2016 Presidential, 2020 Presidential, 2016 Senate, 2020 Senate, 2018 Governor, and 2018 Attorney General election results, which do not include primaries or non-partisan elections.

percent. HD59 district is not considered competitive, voting 52.9 percent for Democratic candidates and 42.3 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD60 (Teller, Fremont, Custer, El Paso, Chaffee)

House District 60 (HD60) contains all of Teller and Custer counties as well as nearly all of Fremont and Chaffee counties. The district is made up of rural communities in the central mountain valleys and foothills. The district has significant recreation-oriented employment as well as one of Colorado's gambling centers. HD60 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD61 (Roaring Fork Valley, Pitkin County, Gunnison County, Chaffee County) - CLLARO Priority

House District 61 (HD61) contains all of the cities and towns within the Roaring Fork Valley, keeping this community of interest intact. The district also includes all of Pitkin and Garfield counties. HD61 is 27.6 percent Latino, the most significant population on the western slope. The district is non-competitive, voting 55.9 percent for Democratic candidates and 40.2 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD62 (San Luis Valley, Huerfano County, Pueblo County) - CLLARO Priority

House District 62 (HD62) maintains its current configuration, containing the entire San Luis Valley as well as Huerfano County and Latino-majority eastern neighborhoods of the City of Pueblo. Sanchez v. Colorado required the creation of a Hispanic-majority district including the San Luis Valley. The redistricting commissions in 2001 and 2011 both retained VRA experts who concluded that there was still racial bloc voting in the San Luis Valley that justified a "minority majority" district including the San Luis Valley. CLLARO left the previously required House district, HD62, in place with the assumption that conditions have not changed sufficiently to negate the need for that district to maintain a majority-Hispanic population. HD62 is not considered competitive, voting 54 percent for Democratic candidates and 41.2 percent for Republican candidates in recent elections.¹

HD63 (Elbert County, Watkins, Stasburg, Bennett, Deertrail, Brighton)

House District 63 (HD63) contains all of Elbert County as well as rural and exurban communities in Adams and Arapahoe Counties. The district also includes the City of Brighton. The district is largely agricultural, with strong exurban growth coming from the Denver metro area. HD63 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD64 (Morgan, Lincoln, Yuma, Washington, Kit Carson, Cheyenne, Kiowa, Crowley, Bent, Prowers, Baca counties) House District 64 (HD64) contains most of the counties on the eastern plains, except for the far northeast counties. The district excludes counties that have become more urbanized in recent years, such as Weld and Elbert. HD64 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

HD65 (Sedgwick, Phillips, Logan, Windsor, Timnath, Eaton, Ault)

House District 65 (HD65) includes counties of the northeast corner of the state: Sedgwick, Phillips, and Logan, as well as the City of Windsor, Severance, Timnath, Eaton and, Ault in Weld/Larimer Counties. These communities all sit north and east of the Fort Collins/Greeley area. HD65 is non-competitive according to recent election results.

Attachments

CLLARO Colorado House of Representatives Map

Attachment A

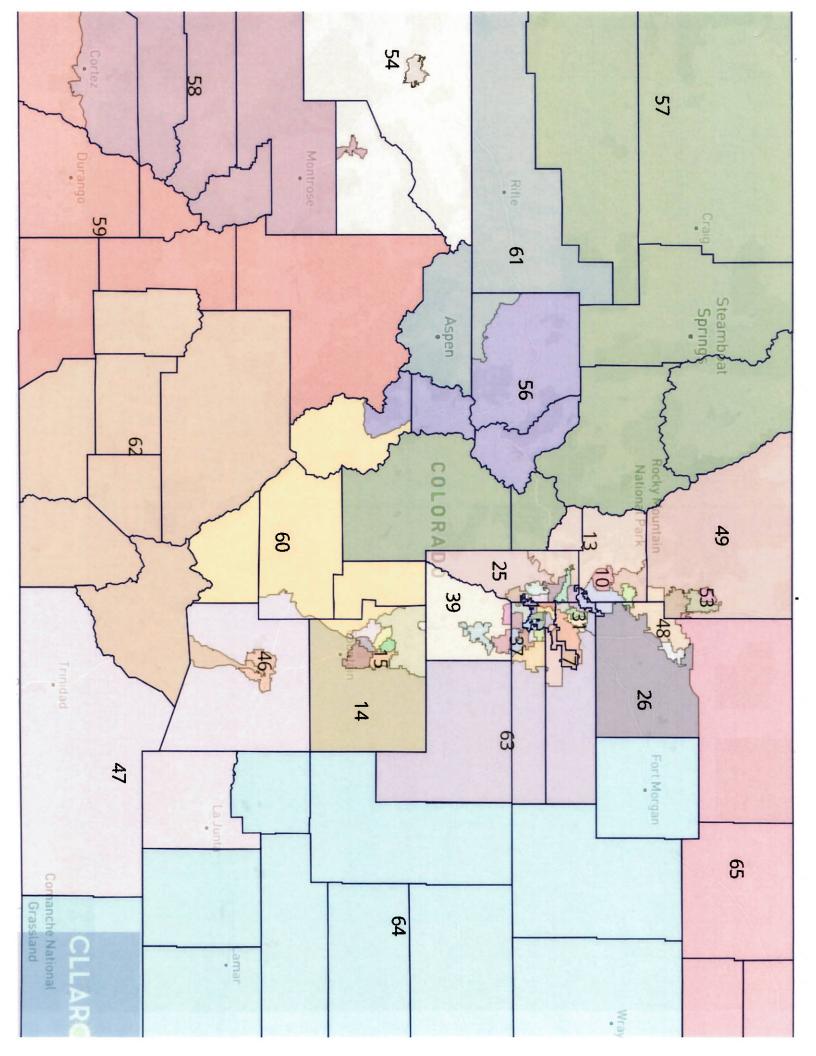
Population Summary and Race and Ethnicity

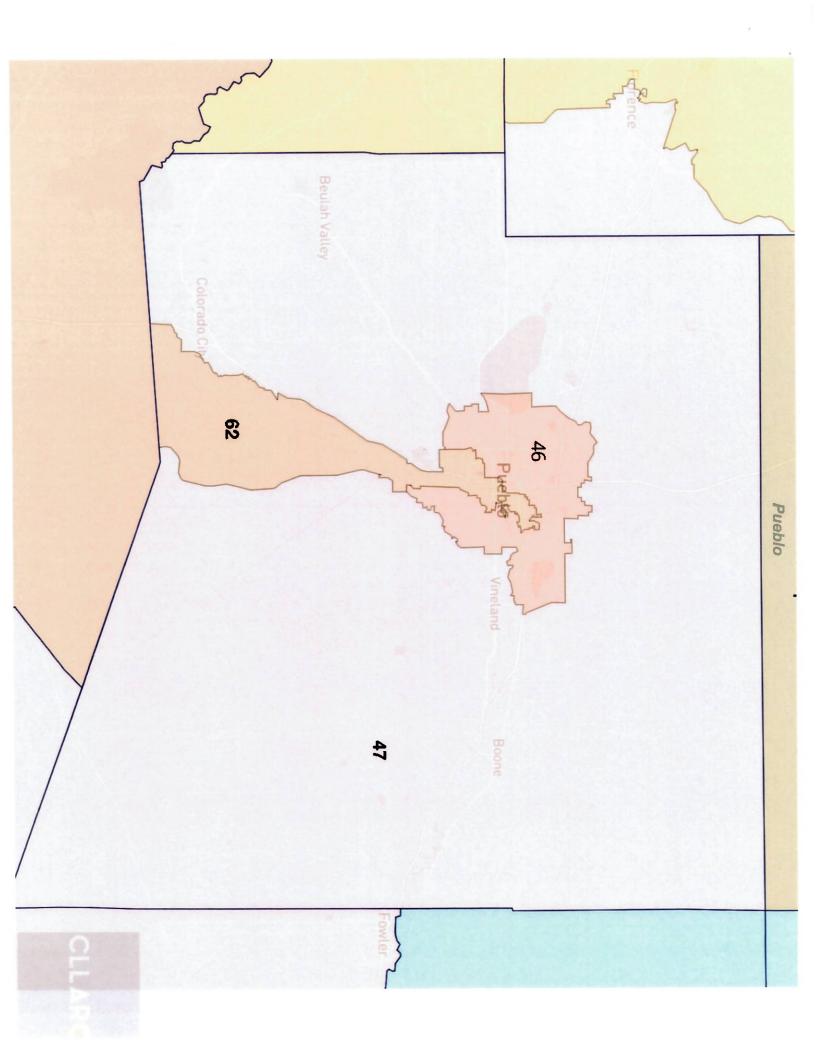
Attachment B

Election Results (2016-2020)

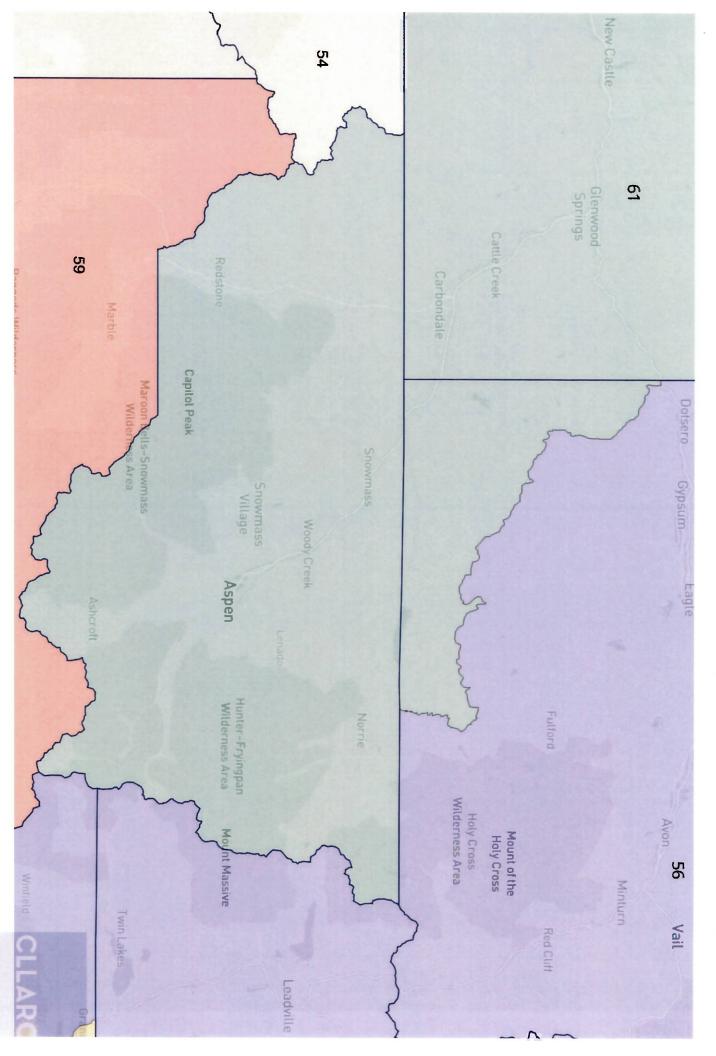
Attachment C

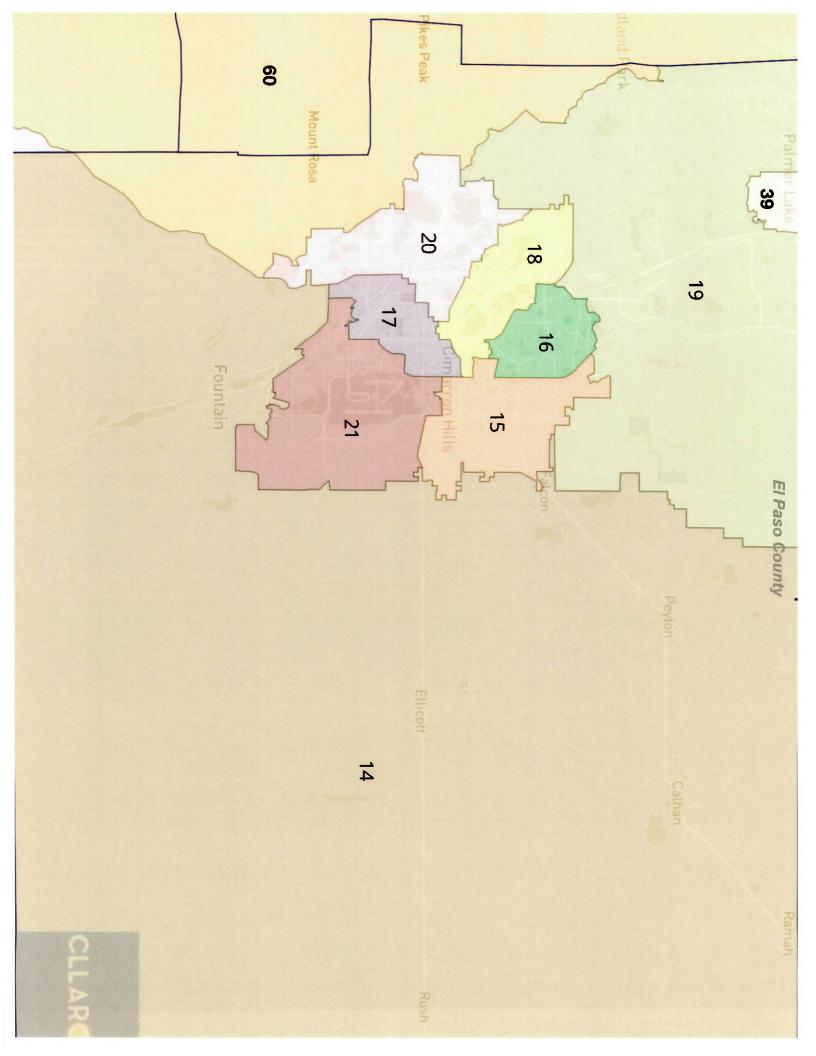
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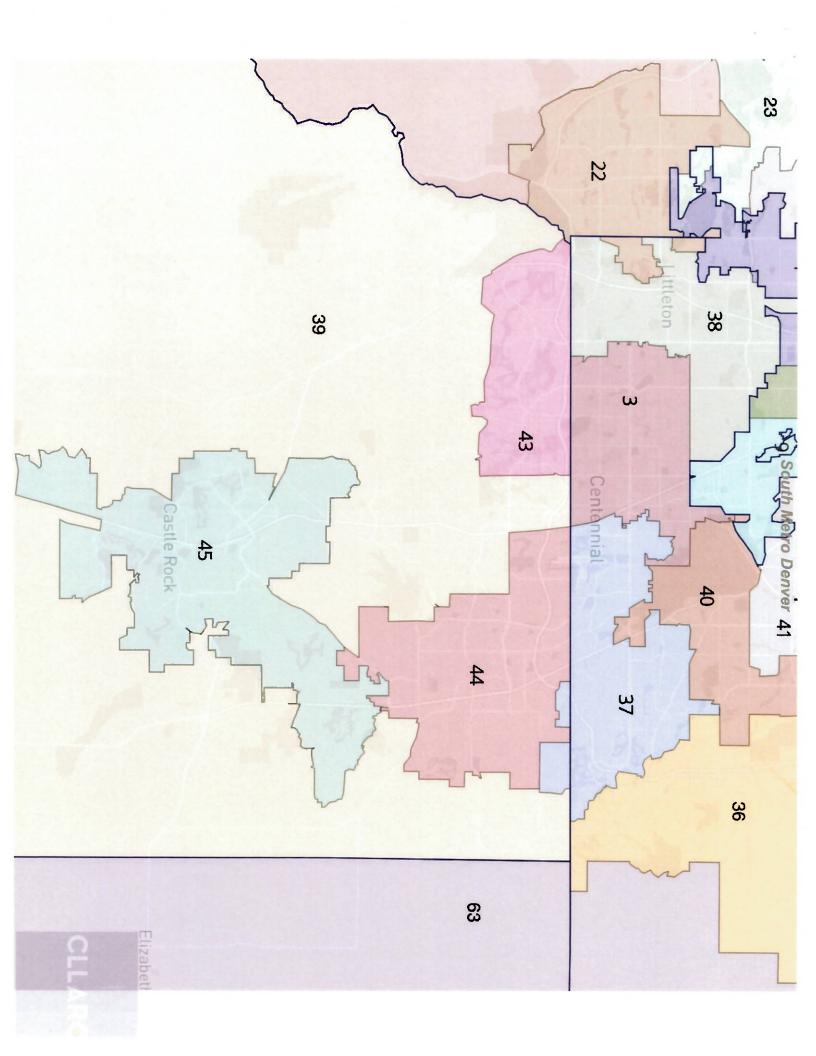


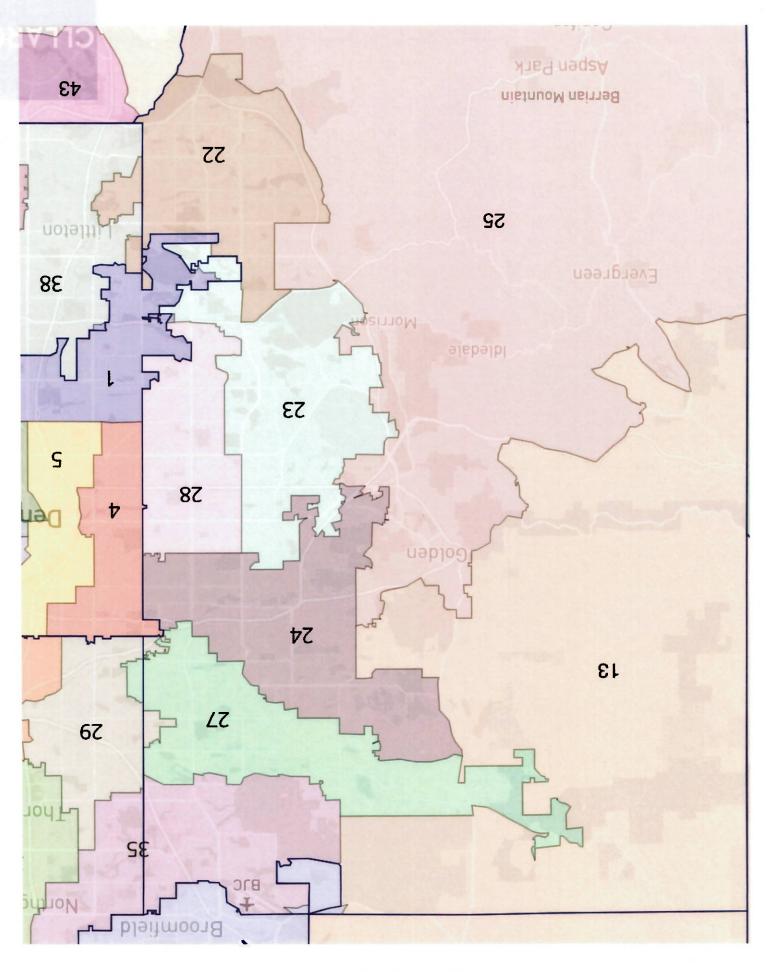


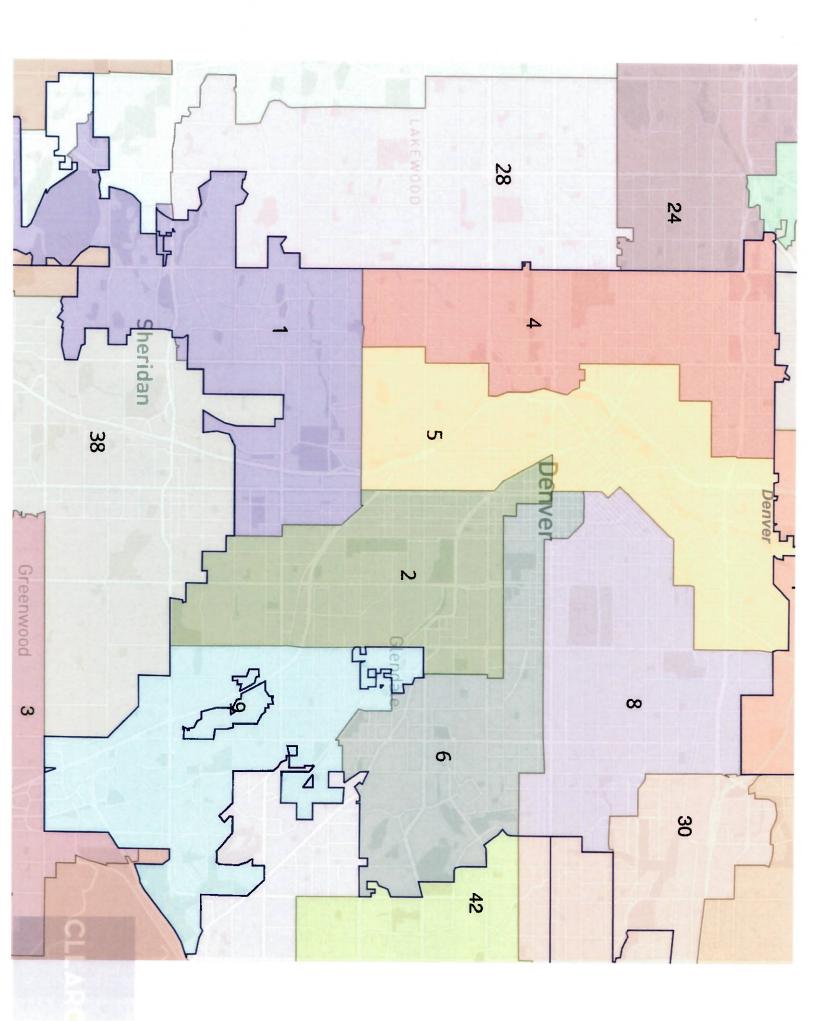
Roaring Fork Valley

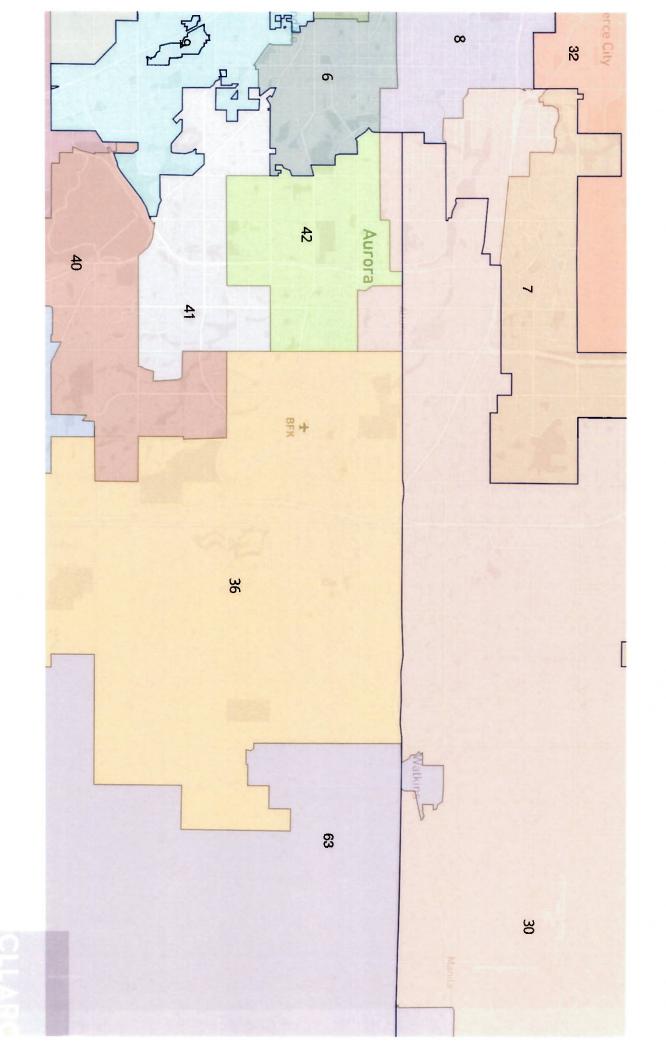


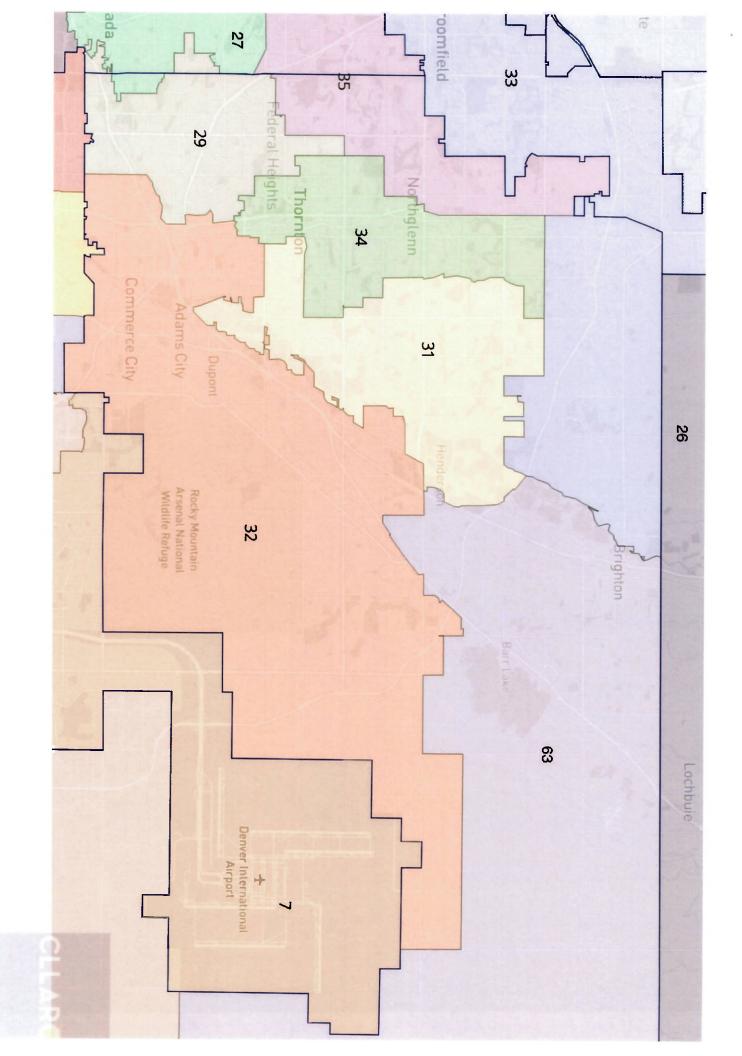


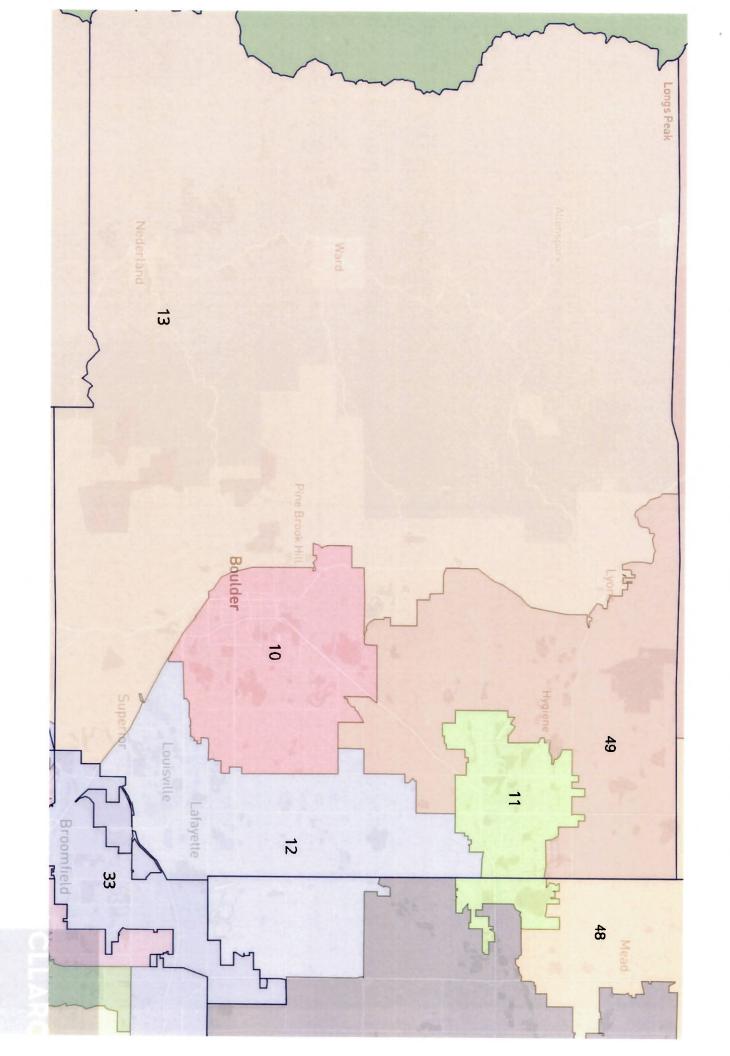


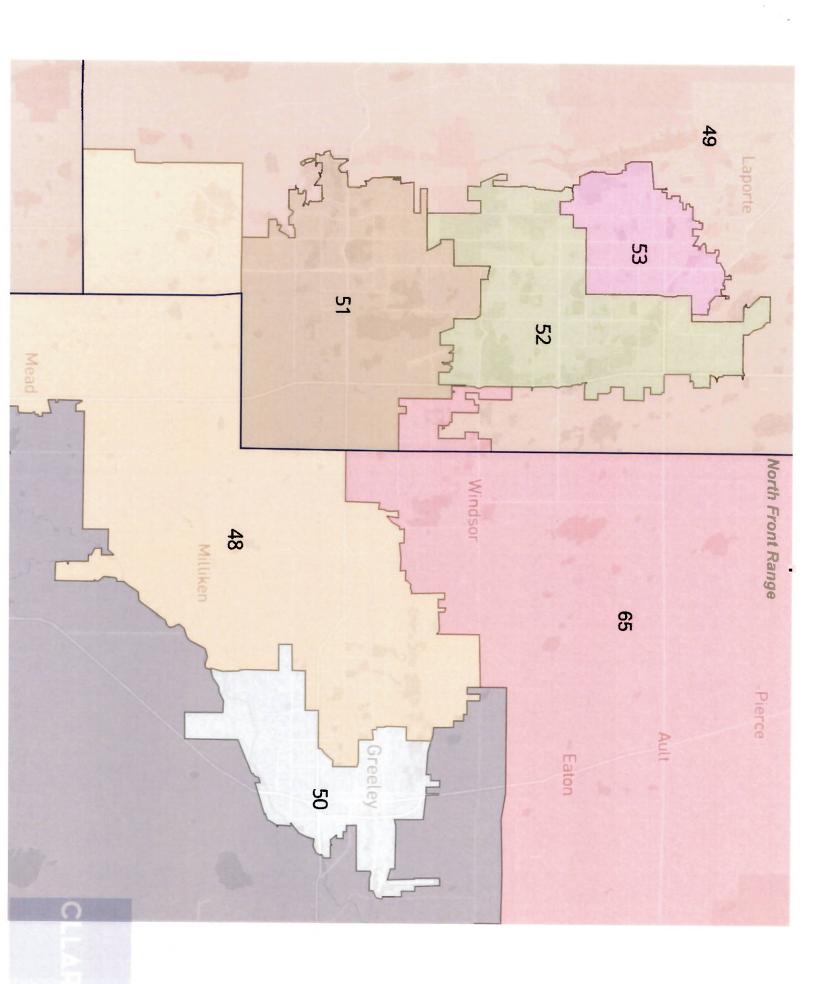












30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	District	House	
25,163	30,142	42,064	46,444	38,225	55,036	50,451	50,701	54,599	29,655	50,226	44,484	48,418	28,764	47,203	35,354	29,599	59,267	46,736	41,708	50,047	44,129	45,846	22,889	49,501	35,149	37,876	55,213	52,414	37,233	(Total)	President	2016
17,551	17,644	23,795	21,862	12,061	27,016	24,971	25,888	22,627	11,051	23,552	10,369	17,015	12,769	13,977	10,577	7,008	41,453	30,242	23,786	40,018	28,579	38,299	18,171	37,718	26,635	29,074	27,030	37,545	23,434	(Dem)	President	2016
5,725	9,768	14,383	20,200	22,850	23,050	21,029	20,217	27,248	15,568	21,922	30,283	26,506	12,949	28,046	20,992	19,882	13,556	12,732	13,979	6,529	11,864	4,451	3,568	8,256	5,554	5,965	23,487	10,949	10,797	(Rep)	President	2016
24,475	28,573	40,861	45,399	37,894	53,909	49,306	49,636	53,472	29,314	49,968	44,510	48,340	28,374	46,943	34,889	29,150	58,495	46,373	41,383	49,049	43,596	45,286	22,595	48,858	34,393	37,237	55,394	51,777	36,808	(Total)	Senate	2016
17,006	17,467	23,764	22,580	13,705	27,017	25,443	26,311	23,240	11,778	24,330	10,843	17,892	13,395	14,741	11,081	7,862	39,540	29,280	23,639	37,414	28,434	37,071	17,594	36,769	25,543	28,250	27,646	36,454	23,704	(Dem)	Senate	2016
6,138	9,049	14,156	20,131	22,029	23,879	20,943	20,291	27,690	15,206	22,534	31,960	27,679	12,597	29,508	21,668	19,416	14,707	14,260	14,643	7,480	12,673	5,831	4,086	9,419	6,591	6,783	25,712	12,920	11,175	(Rep)	Senate	2016
21,446	26,005	37,767	43,152	35,214	51,930	46,846	47,042	50,113	23,722	44,635	42,646	41,691	22,954	39,836	31,409	24,414	56,788	46,130	38,690	45,260	40,097	43,088	21,571	46,611	33,073	34,907	51,090	50,216	33,291	(Total)	Governor	2018
15,650	16,684	23,510	22,951	12,086	28,071	25,907	26,779	22,986	10,520	23,773	11,432	16,885	11,835	14,251	11,449	7,100	41,990	32,182	24,784	38,495	27,966	37,354	17,243	37,453	26,661	27,942	26,859	37,513	22,281	(Dem)	Governor	2018
4,960	7,881	12,449	18,196	21,397	22,093	18,960	18,396	25,297	11,796	19,236	29,958	23,137	9,667	23,965	18,414	15,966	13,358	12,714	12,292	5,835	10,760	4,563	3,511	7,958	5,325	5,680	22,884	11,566	9,572	(Rep)	Governor	2018
21,163	25,621	37,275	42,483	34,715	51,062	46,130	46,345	49,282	23,624	44,319	42,275	41,352	22,820	39,497	31,169	24,264	56,025	45,373	38,180	44,537	39,735	42,689	21,426	46,223	32,684	34,512	50,483	49,691	33,065	(Total)	Attorney General	2018

60	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	District	House	
46,899	50,103	46,194	49,693	41,957	43,589	46,492	48,056	48,393	48,722	28,258	52,625	44,138	44,545	40,905	44,295	41,851	52,631	28,525	38,007	40,118	51,341	47,724	44,114	33,071	46,799	33,631	45,144	27,898	37,215	(Total)	President	2016
13,873	24,083	14,844	18,589	23,133	13,982	10,875	30,130	24,786	17,885	13,014	23,878	14,267	13,793	20,377	14,186	15,175	22,381	18,820	22,893	21,181	17,708	24,617	20,953	16,375	23,334	17,140	22,433	14,651	17,437	(Dem)	President	2016
29,415	21,253	28,105	27,159	15,014	25,921	32,412	12,335	18,737	26,071	12,328	24,479	26,008	27,489	17,137	26,022	22,716	25,682	7,521	12,141	15,056	29,713	18,355	19,611	13,862	19,124	13,320	18,615	10,859	16,330	(Rep)	President	2016
46,768	49,453	45,658	49,222	41,314	43,433	46,258	46,822	48,046	48,403	27,918	52,385	43,941	44,275	40,544	43,907	41,402	52,476	28,254	37,692	39,745	51,201	47,441	43,909	32,802	45,320	31,919	43,879	26,451	35,618	(Total)	Senate	2016
15,967	25,167	16,095	20,194	22,849	15,286	12,556	29,675	25,161	19,699	14,280	24,341	16,169	17,146	22,757	14,722	15,538	22,576	18,786	23,269	21,766	17,987	25,308	21,093	16,621	23,640	17,190	22,269	14,625	17,779	(Dem)	Senate	2016
28,394	21,001	27,061	26,155	14,823	25,495	31,137	13,213	20,285	25,825	11,685	25,273	25,702	25,061	15,550	27,059	23,628	27,764	7,793	12,384	15,587	31,093	19,361	21,058	14,553	19,044	12,557	19,247	10,179	15,731	(Rep)	Senate	2016
42,887	45,906	41,953	45,208	37,009	38,260	40,636	41,195	45,320	44,297	23,294	50,098	42,006	39,026	34,730	41,469	39,332	48,823	23,595	32,854	34,767	49,476	43,595	40,389	30,698	43,510	27,859	44,362	23,751	33,305	(Total)	Governor	2018
15,553	25,112	16,057	19,946	22,886	15,216	12,422	30,260	26,601	19,467	11,385	25,322	15,070	14,481	19,125	14,980	16,237	22,718	16,429	21,262	20,458	18,504	24,978	20,976	16,818	24,363	15,811	24,642	13,324	17,551	(Dem)	Governor	2018
25,514	19,347	24,520	23,556	12,755	21,667	26,660	9,590	17,362	22,925	10,451	23,151	25,276	22,760	13,877	24,913	21,544	24,754	6,194	10,420	12,924	29,392	16,976	18,333	12,799	17,418	10,607	18,311	9,076	14,145	(Rep)	Governor	2018
42,347	45,024	41,342	44,348	35,965	37,621	40,063	40,471	44,611	43,678	22,923	49,453	41,354	38,716	34,428	41,028	38,763	48,127	23,366	32,580	34,377	48,909	43,091	39,912	30,364	42,735	27,437	43,516	23,302	32,670	(Total)	Attorney General	2018

39,359	27,544	10,856	39,984	27,178	12,275	41,057	28,402	9,784	41,308	65
32,880	24,414	7,431	33,316	25,341	11,126	37,829	28,357	7,739	38,202	64
38,776	25,486	12,066	39,271	26,821	13,467	42,380	28,040	11,878	43,326	63
33,416	13,597	18,376	33,729	14,854	22,098	39,035	15,863	19,797	39,083	62
36,975	14,754	21,608	37,510	16,268	21,435	40,006	16,723	21,157	40,849	61
(Total)	(Rep)	(Dem)	(Total)	(Rep)	(Dem)	(Total)	(Rep)	(Dem)	(Total)	District
Attorney General	Governor	Governor	Governor	Senate	Senate	Senate	President	President	President	House
2018	2018	2018	2018	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	

30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	00	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	District	House	
15,134	16,268	22,526	21,648	11,690	26,417	24,487	25,130	21,202	10,112	22,774	10,578	16,029	11,546	13,237	10,782	6,721	40,694	30,756	23,882	37,289	26,868	36,592	17,035	36,455	26,038	27,336	24,965	36,479	21,819	(Dem)	Attorney General	2018
5,324	8,258	13,330	19,294	21,553	23,043	20,088	19,627	26,622	12,306	19,959	30,519	23,822	10,067	24,727	19,102	16,448	13,910	13,437	12,878	6,287	11,702	5,074	3,768	8,690	5,558	6,092	24,361	12,204	10,120	(Rep)	Attorney General	2018
29,258	36,362	48,737	56,245	47,701	61,401	57,675	58,101	60,884	36,395	55,111	57,259	53,224	33,658	52,219	47,839	37,009	62,210	56,833	49,101	50,154	49,984	52,644	33,346	55,913	46,322	46,238	59,770	59,333	43,406	(Total)	President	2020
22,177	23,949	31,768	31,956	17,518	35,311	34,076	34,986	30,066	16,522	30,630	18,283	23,973	18,082	21,161	19,363	11,451	47,340	40,841	33,228	42,836	36,549	46,235	26,829	46,035	37,883	37,639	34,597	46,704	30,121	(Dem)	President	2020
6,429	11,355	15,560	22,749	28,806	24,386	22,007	21,455	29,266	18,121	22,697	37,370	27,361	14,086	29,046	26,613	24,051	13,549	14,731	14,500	6,326	12,125	5,258	5,875	8,684	7,258	7,590	23,726	11,419	12,115	(Rep)	President	2020
29,204	36,134	48,571	56,209	47,645	61,399	57,659	58,031	60,880	36,029	54,891	57,186	53,048	33,402	51,984	47,511	36,739	62,061	56,810	48,948	49,893	49,887	52,547	33,265	55,755	46,123	46,164	59,822	59,393	43,290	(Total)	Senate	2020
21,659	23,586	31,043	30,964	17,070	33,809	32,996	33,741	28,649	15,735	29,254	16,448	22,429	17,439	19,538	18,067	10,855	45,993	39,372	32,150	41,832	35,331	45,435	26,417	44,835	36,957	36,885	32,698	44,952	29,593	(Dem)	Senate	2020
6,788	11,396	16,268	24,063	29,479	26,444	23,405	22,970	31,122	18,457	24,119	39,602	28,987	14,272	30,849	27,799	24,386	15,104	16,509	15,606	7,202	13,461	6,121	6,100	9,903	8,236	8,423	26,267	13,700	12,751	(Rep)	Senate	2020
25,095	30,478	42,556	48,333	40,214	55,771	51,347	51,655	54,875	29,796	49,843	48,066	47,677	28,332	46,273	38,026	30,188	59,113	49,714	42,983	48,155	44,580	47,037	25,837	50,485	37,970	39,502	55,277	53,796	37,851	(Total)	Composite	2016-2020

60	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	District	House	
14,697	24,254	15,181	18,968	21,608	13,692	11,255	28,702	24,730	18,241	11,214	23,946	14,035	13,740	18,632	13,796	14,877	20,567	15,906	20,400	19,430	16,999	23,769	19,605	15,951	22,809	15,170	22,999	12,936	16,623	(Dem)	Attorney General	2018
26,141	19,275	24,920	23,773	13,091	22,649	27,519	10,359	18,561	23,847	10,606	24,079	25,928	23,647	14,511	25,932	22,592	26,317	6,622	11,146	13,704	30,576	17,920	19,292	13,493	18,451	11,134	19,183	9,350	14,738	(Rep)	Attorney General	2018
55,177	58,647	54,737	57,178	48,461	51,488	53,354	49,010	56,750	56,617	29,961	61,312	54,799	51,457	45,560	56,962	53,799	59,756	31,960	42,803	46,234	63,898	54,452	51,916	44,556	55,661	38,692	57,650	35,660	45,587	(Total)	President	2020
19,871	32,771	20,742	25,738	30,886	20,288	15,790	35,950	35,100	26,186	15,217	32,327	21,097	18,087	24,782	22,832	24,659	31,069	23,055	29,014	28,478	27,123	33,546	29,087	25,547	32,887	22,530	33,816	20,781	24,762	(Dem)	President	2020
33,956	24,373	32,913	29,965	16,265	29,843	36,436	11,340	19,932	28,739	13,735	27,464	32,235	32,167	19,601	32,654	27,630	27,333	8,028	12,662	16,436	35,332	19,309	21,547	17,848	21,205	14,885	22,357	13,836	19,411	(Rep)	President	2020
54,656	58,201	54,294	56,759	48,053	50,687	52,702	46,782	54,773	54,582	29,802	59,689	54,384	50,998	45,065	56,897	53,679	59,844	31,755	42,495	45,941	63,949	54,262	51,747	44,242	55,512	38,465	57,231	35,472	45,386	(Total)	Senate	2020
19,200	31,657	19,891	24,970	29,768	19,010	14,938	33,491	32,243	24,137	14,949	30,206	19,941	17,686	24,223	21,137	23,034	29,095	22,419	28,000	27,305	25,263	32,154	27,507	24,082	31,463	21,991	31,905	20,363	23,910	(Dem)	Senate	2020
34,102	25,211	33,184	30,559	17,255	30,239	36,435	12,000	21,355	29,133	13,935	28,364	33,389	32,034	19,507	34,610	29,586	29,849	8,309	13,334	17,363	37,746	20,927	23,350	19,139	22,748	15,216	24,256	13,965	20,120	(Rep)	Senate	2020
48,063	51,204	47,274	50,359	42,087	44,176	46,593	45,375	49,656	49,387	27,009	54,216	46,738	44,810	40,190	47,424	44,794	53,606	27,908	37,743	40,202	54,798	48,409	45,324	35,951	48,251	33,014	48,636	28,755	38,291	(Total)	Composite	2016-2020

	2018	2018	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020	2016-2020
House	Attorney General	Attorney General	President	President	President	Senate	Senate	Senate	Composite
District	(Dem)	(Rep)	(Total)	(Dem)	(Rep)	(Total)	(Dem)	(Rep)	(Total)
61	21,002	14,835	47,435	27,701	18,710	47,160	26,978	19,196	41,599
62	18.329	13,892	43,849	23,370	19,285	43,422	23,176	19,036	38,684
63	11.389	26,016	52,111	16,643	34,065	51,915	15,997	34,624	44,604
64	7,278	24,639	42,104	9,335	32,011	41,703	8,981	31,991	37,550
65	10.240	27,846	53,045	15,170	36,581	52,796	14,306	37,632	44,521

Colorado House of Representatives Election Results (2016-2020)

51%	5.883	18.198	30
33%	9,611	19,253	29
29%	14,364	26,056	28
10%	20,778	25,323	27
-27%	24,279	14,019	26
11%	23,786	29,593	25
14%	21,081	27,966	24
17%	20,506	28,804	23
-6%	27,860	24,800	22
-9%	15,244	12,626	21
89	21,772	25,684	20
-44%	33,282	12,963	19
-16%	26,273	19,037	18
7	12,309	14,151	17
-26%	27,694	16,129	16
-25%	22,432	13,550	15
-40%	20,020	8,504	14
51%	14,027	42,782	13
41%	14,061	33,760	12
32%	13,995	26,894	11
71%	6,612	39,639	10
43%	12,089	30,627	6
77%	5,225	40,152	80
64%	4,498	20,545	7
64%	8,820	39,870	9
65%	6,403	29,953	5
64%	6,746	31,176	4
9%	24,391	28,961	3
53%	12,120	39,937	2
39%	11,074	25,165	1
Margin	(Rep)	(Dem)	District
Composite	Composite	Composite	House
2016-2020	2016-2020	2016-2020	

Colorado House of Representatives Election Results (2016-2020)

HOLES	2016-2020	2016-2020 Composite	2016-2020 Composite
District	(Dem)	(Rep)	Margin
31	19,689	16,737	%8
32	16,102	11,208	18%
33	26,351	20,331	13%
34	18,281	12,947	17%
35	26,407	19,650	15%
36	19,233	15,275	11%
37	23,194	20,525	6%
38	27,383	18,806	19%
39	20,571	32,305	-22%
40	23,092	15,171	21%
41	24,137	12,031	33%
42	19,239	7,419	44%
43	24,741	26,947	-4%
44	18,245	24,619	-15%
45	16,918	28,512	-26%
46	21,621	16,649	13%
47	15,814	27,108	-26%
48	16,750	28,064	-25%
49	26,609	25,451	2%
50	13,340	12,119	5%
51	20,923	26,093	-11%
52	28,102	19,360	18%
53	31,349	11,456	46%
54	12,932	31,761	-42%
55	16,199	25,966	-23%
56	25,134	14,878	26%
57	21,238	26,795	-12%
58	16,988	28,383	-25%
59	27,081	21,649	11%
60	16,387	29,521	-29%

11	Competitive		
20	Lean Rep		
34	Lean Dem		
-44%	30,781	12,025	65
-53%	27,553	8,466	64
-37%	29,115	13,540	63
14%	15,919	20,894	62
16%	16,727	23,251	61
Margin	(Rep)	(Dem)	District
Composite	Composite	Composite	House
2016-2020	2016-2020	2016-2020	

House	2010 Total	2010 White	2010 Latino	2010 Black	2010 AAPI	2010 Native	2010 Total	2010 White	2010 Latino
District	Population	Population	Population	Population	Population	Population	VAP	VAP	
1	82,488	36,678	38,816	2,403	4,663	2,556	61,900	31,764	
2	72,250	62,066	5,000	1,746	3,165	837	63,150	54,724	
ω	81,675	71,249	4,656	1,477	3,987	822	62,488	55,674	
4	82,422	30,666	46,525	2,720	2,403	3,037	61,062	26,930	
ű	65,322	26,931	32,363	3,753	2,280	2,097	51,451	25,240	
6	75,995	54,525	9,148	8,663	3,609	1,327	65,233	48,675	
7	60,714	9,990	28,901	19,913	3,273	1,478	39,196	8,117	
œ	76,770	35,191	17,113	21,670	3,398	2,132	59,808	30,098	
9	77,205	51,671	12,424	8,389	4,718	1,421	64,135	45,540	
10	77,339	62,859	7,694	1,190	5,248	841	65,925	55,026	
11	77,990	52,785	20,604	1,168	3,083	1,559	57,837	42,199	
12	66,013	53,665	7,682	889	3,419	929	48,663	40,681	
13	84,539	74,761	4,004	844	4,465	862	68,214	61,373	
14	71,955	51,666	10,373	6,660	3,195	1,973	49,482	37,338	
15	62,532	44,158	8,784	5,432	4,637	1,224	42,882	31,750	
16	85,501	66,533	9,328	4,809	4,766	1,673	61,473	49,487	
17	83,811	43,115	24,659	12,600	4,429	2,700	62,445	35,622	
18	85,618	67,216	10,215	4,334	3,613	1,695	67,571	55,080	
19	66,864	56,964	4,340	1,922	3,356	925	48,389	42,093	
20	85,813	70,204	590,6	3,261	2,772	1,972	70,496	59,331	
21	72,230	41,077	16,364	11,096	4,701	2,147	50,730	31,219	
22	85,823	73,348	7,843	1,068	3,158	1,048	64,619	56,465	
23	81,123	64,328	10,861	1,635	3,775	1,628	64,537	52,903	
24	80,677	65,700	11,248	1,070	2,184	1,534	63,417	53,446	
25	82,667	74,059	5,015	753	2,319	826	64,673	58,686	
26	69,381	47,309	19,225	790	1,296	1,633	49,261	35,473	
27	75,117	59,749	11,365	1,207	2,439	1,421	58,044	48,127	
28	82,502	51,364	25,460	2,153	3,165	2,335	64,931	44,238	

56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	District	House
80,936	83,431	84,424	81,241	73,324	75,826	79,994	73,505	67,311	87,465	82,558	63,903	65,080	85,877	80,692	78,458	79,389	74,570	82,027	76,087	55,300	79,932	79,210	65,269	71,303	76,961	69,859	80,566	Population	2010 Total
58,660	68,684	71,840	66,754	61,125	64,440	39,439	64,153	53,980	58,522	43,838	55,080	54,986	72,258	27,133	43,084	48,761	64,506	63,687	55,453	33,378	61,875	44,296	51,844	31,056	48,784	21,779	35,210	Population	2010 White
19,996	11,542	9,953	9,026	7,538	8,756	36,802	6,494	11,054	24,856	34,580	5,486	5,264	6,250	30,943	15,099	12,622	4,654	13,152	7,133	8,783	10,906	28,121	7,383	35,753	21,922	32,951	39,271	Population	2010 Latino
794	1,030	819	1,712	1,111	744	1,919	642	620	1,998	2,551	1,142	1,436	1,481	18,908	15,528	11,767	1,135	2,148	5,626	8,394	1,495	2,524	1,014	2,505	1,821	12,196	1,763	Population	2010 Black
1,192	1,493	882	3,165	3,233	1,308	1,616	1,656	1,285	1,180	1,402	1,929	3,218	5,711	4,795	5,310	6,863	3,916	2,458	8,157	5,252	5,328	4,202	4,764	2,004	4,303	3,533	4,106	Population	2010 AAPI
905	1,720	1,760	1,509	948	1,260	1,929	1,113	991	2,592	2,814	806	660	819	1,922	1,594	1,524	724	1,773	821	886	1,316	1,937	841	2,166	1,630	1,779	2,401	Population	2010 Native
63,331	65,011	64,005	68,916	54,347	57,938	58,194	57,511	49,385	66,869	63,866	44,160	44,604	59,322	58,539	60,727	57,384	53,379	64,928	54,901	37,647	61,125	57,660	47,772	48,596	53,851	49,178	58,993	VAP	2010 Total
48,622	55,361	56,074	58,244	46,594	51,032	32,800	51,606	41,219	46,621	36,898	38,992	38,494	50,845	23,541	36,990	37,997	47,109	52,731	41,407	24,122	48,907	35,369	39,195	23,923	36,390	18,019	29,727	VAP	2010 White
12,959	7,391	6,143	6,360	4,768	5,228	22,576	4,046	6,739	17,051	23,829	3,184	3,109	3,816	18,865	9,506	7,576	2,849	8,555	4,361	5,100	7,252	17,625	4,570	21,714	13,430	20,424	24,876	VAP	2010 Latino

House	2010 Total	2010 White	2010 Latino	2010 Black	2010 AAPI	2010 Native	2010 Total	2010 White 2010 Latino	2010 Latino
District	District Population	Population	Population	Population	Population	Population		VAP	VAP
57	85,501	76,223	6,728	633	1,025	1,354	67,281	61,085	4,405
58	87,251	69,412	13,979	533	965	3,299	66,767	55,573	8,672
59	83,523	67,114	9,843	621	949	6,312	66,598	55,177	6,671
60	83,081	71,614	7,418	1,757	915	1,919	67,740	58,898	5,625
61	81,776	59,239	20,164	785	1,165	1,351	61,387	47,188	12,541
62	87,399	38,119	46,105	1,645	995	3,629	65,312	31,051	31,908
63	76,059	55,944	17,003	1,265	1,396	1,506	55,034	42,307	10,662
64	88,648	61,483	22,950	2,777	743	1,510	67,175	49,062	14,742
65	68,340	56,531	9,110	1,296	846	1,072	51,361	43,364	6,010

28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	∞	7	6	IJ	4	3	2	1	District	House
1,305	671	433	492	620	1,072	610	6,851	2,210	1,236	2,816	8,304	2,927	3,155	3,872	554	494	662	945	6,139	16,366	12,570	6,688	2,558	1,534	897	1,450	1,502	VAP	2010 Black
2,300	1,624	860	1,591	1,505	2,671	2,067	3,071	1,979	2,122	2,489	3,096	2,993	2,869	1,905	3,033	2,247	2,005	4,316	3,680	2,301	2,145	2,821	1,879	1,781	2,612	2,604	3,340	VAP	2010 AAPI
1,528	912	1,229	590	1,071	1,170	695	1,303	1,500	588	1,142	1,810	1,044	702	1,234	634	615	1,016	666	1,023	1,500	864	1,048	1,493	2,083	543	689	1,723	Native VAP	2010
88,372	89,003	89,325	87,278	88,779	89,766	88,850	89,946	90,552	90,317	90,710	88,655	90,743	90,482	90,599	87,630	86,937	88,670	87,018	88,241	87,361	87,630	89,582	87,211	87,290	88,036	87,566	87,499	Population	2019 Total
51,815	66,976	56,209	73,946	67,470	66,366	70,478	45,272	69,053	70,386	65,832	42,921	64,565	57,944	57,492	72,802	66,618	56,867	64,939	56,066	48,046	15,995	61,152	48,140	40,694	70,359	70,949	38,327	Population	2019 White
26,712	14,240	27,042	6,432	13,739	13,319	10,093	24,690	11,025	8,159	13,179	27,050	12,715	15,527	16,895	5,414	10,854	23,378	10,283	14,867	16,635	42,317	11,972	27,994	38,130	6,935	7,324	38,984	Population	2019 Latino
3,151	1,855	1,334	1,131	1,869	2,337	1,549	12,810	4,301	3,510	5,500	13,200	5,879	8,575	9,290	1,258	1,513	1,801	1,957	10,127	17,434	22,527	10,351	5,419	4,192	2,181	2,919	3,478	Population	 2019 Black
4,679	3,783	2,571	3,241	3,350	5,495	4,321	6,729	4,143	6,225	4,385	5,128	5,987	7,790	5,396	5,829	5,847	4,341	7,894	6,064	4,496	7,659	4,761	4,513	3,183	6,911	4,914	5,466	Population	2019 AAPI
4,096	3,178	3,270	2,169	580′E	990′£	2,476	4,264	3,298	2,370	3,394	4,316	3,067	3,247	3,710	1,703	1,995	3,095	1,710	2,637	3,026	3,126	2,506	3,535	4,368	1,662	1,580	4,316	Population	2019 Native
72,617	70,305	65,443	70,550	72,068	73,568	69,462	64,715	76,066	68,533	73,609	68,825	69,499	65,303	65,238	71,923	65,388	69,446	75,581	74,397	70,418	61,191	77,136	75,829	68,780	68,096	76,139	68,892	VAP	2019 Total

Colorado House of Representatives Population / Race Ethnicity Summary

House	2010 Black	2010 AAPI	2010	2019 Total	2019 White	2019 Latino	2019 Black	2019 AAPI	2019 Native	2019 Total
District	VAP	VAP	Native VAP	Population	Population	Population	Population	Population	Population	VAP
29	1,070	2,965	1,632	89,776	34,028	46,976	2,551	4,839	4,464	68,050
30	8,322	2,460	1,173	87,809	27,644	38,281	14,612	7,013	3,449	63,139
31	1,028	2,708	1,045	88,904	47,601	30,201	2,738	6,799	3,660	65,472
32	1,419	1,281	1,404	89,557	33,157	47,398	4,386	3,753	4,267	63,453
33	586	3,131	545	89,561	65,173	12,221	2,098	8,151	2,315	69,702
34	1,509	2,849	1,292	88,515	41,156	36,661	3,375	6,044	3,905	66,480
35	918	3,663	900	88,711	62,426	15,122	2,374	6,667	2,888	71,075
36	5,036	3,417	607	87,186	45,256	17,750	13,827	10,337	2,766	61,170
37	3,578	5,467	522	88,082	56,691	10,228	7,583	12,414	2,197	66,922
38	1,340	1,694	1,293	89,610	65,217	15,287	3,056	3,760	3,187	73,008
39	657	2,472	478	89,119	71,454	7,019	1,759	6,886	1,981	68,447
40	7,071	4,722	919	87,190	45,660	17,736	14,093	9,082	3,077	66,864
41	10,300	3,899	1,064	87,323	41,701	19,374	18,755	7,051	2,818	69,358
42	12,932	3,463	1,250	87,369	25,482	34,148	21,534	6,364	3,427	65,740
43	855	3,559	501	89,806	69,748	8,182	1,975	8,079	1,805	67,441
44	850	1,963	415	90,352	66,864	9,370	3,035	9,502	2,116	65,622
45	625	1,102	472	90,596	72,433	9,714	2,308	4,059	2,319	66,062
46	1,703	964	1,972	87,049	42,777	37,308	3,474	1,968	4,873	68,976
47	1,525	774	1,901	89,007	56,375	25,749	2,450	1,664	4,354	70,404
48	305	762	631	90,225	65,477	18,687	1,360	2,368	3,003	67,845
49	334	1,056	756	88,298	72,237	9,296	1,112	2,882	2,306	70,585
50	1,337	1,177	1,303	89,842	37,329	44,550	3,632	3,016	3,940	66,174
51	357	837	827	89,706	71,309	11,813	1,626	2,190	3,077	71,816
52	592	2,068	645	89,646	69,008	11,181	2,054	5,176	2,442	69,528
53	1,260	2,548	1,069	89,866	68,141	12,248	2,625	4,599	2,797	76,993
54	415	593	1,254	87,586	70,298	11,472	1,071	1,315	3,332	68,602
55	607	1,001	1,190	89,339	68,318	13,891	1,450	2,508	3,372	71,833
56	599	877	656	87,486	60,507	22,212	1,032	2,115	2,145	69,821

House 2010 BI	2010 Black 2010 AAPI		2010 Native VAP	2019 Total Population	2019 White Population	2019 White 2019 Latino Population Population	2019 Black Population	2019 AAPI Population	PI 2019 Native 2019 Tota
	401	681	963	88,533	74,711	8,500		958	958 1,508
28	300	614	2,124	90,581	67,889	15,491		931	931 1,524
59	381	667	4,415	90,601	69,416	11,130		972	972 1,701
60 1,	1,475	610	1,441	89,266	73,404	8,447		2,143	2,143 1,503
61	512	786	898	87,595	58,472	24,188		1,050	1,050 1,640
62 1,0	1,031	651	2,634	88,969	38,748	44,459		2,329	2,329 1,398
63	776	851	1,020	89,764	59,281	23,759		1,883	1,883 2,544
64 2,	2,234	503	1,132	86,949	56,181	24,775		2,803	2,803 1,133
65 1,0	1,025	527	712	89,892	71,415	12,662		1,717	1,717 1,845

	л%	4%	30%	3,071	3,592	2,224	18,998	45,923	28
			16%	2,353	2,665	1,136	9,853	54,812	27
	3%	1%	30%	2,266	1,705	780	17,607	43,628	26
2%		1%	7%	1,570	2,336	778	4,525	60,990	25
3%		2%	15%	2,301	2,450	1,251	9,854	56,542	24
3%		3%	15%	2,356	4,089	1,639	9,646	56,222	23
3%			11%	1,779	2,946	975	6,886	56,732	22
5%		14%	27%	2,911	4,500	8,409	15,562	35,272	21
4%		5%	12%	2,511	3,062	3,064	8,115	59,895	20
3%	7%	4%	9%	1,564	4,168	2,278	5,381	55,050	19
4%	5%	6%	15%	2,536	3,152	3,790	9,131	55,597	18
5%		15%	31%	3,157	3,738	9,251	18,227	36,490	17
3%	7%	6%	14%	2,107	4,159	3,949	8,422	51,459	16
4%	9%	9%	17%	2,108	5,215	5,440	9,713	43,947	15
4%	6%	10%	19%	2,463	3,393	6,103	10,759	43,412	14
2%	7%	1%	6%	1,260	4,175	865	3,977	60,977	13
2%	7%	2%	12%	1,423	4,026	964	7,185	51,660	12
3%	5%	2%	26%	2,300	3,114	1,230	15,691	47,506	11
2%	9%	2%	12%	1,373	6,763	1,567	7,711	57,869	10
3%	7%	11%	17%	2,099	4,859	7,522	11,111	49,657	9
3%	5%	20%	18%	2,317	3,241	13,393	12,013	40,861	00
4%	9%	26%	48%	2,240	5,341	15,664	27,604	12,715	7
3%	5%	12%	13%	1,981	3,728	7,935	9,400	54,732	6
4%	5%	6%	32%	2,775	3,986	3,954	20,888	45,709	5
5%	4%	5%	44%	3,300	2,489	2,527	27,159	35,382	4
2%	8%	2%	8%	1,202	4,587	1,443	4,729	56,021	æ
2%	6%	3%	8%	1,282	3,930	2,443	6,079	62,391	2
5%	6%	4%	45%	3,196	4,261	2,265	27,371	33,676	בו
Percentage	Percentage	Percentage	Percentage	Native VAP	VAP	VAP	Latino VAP	White VAP	District
2019 Native	2019 AAPI	2019 Black	2019 Latino	2019	2019 AAPI	2019 Black	2019	2019	House

200	2%	1%	25%	1,579	1,576	752	15,314	50.861	7
4%	3%	2%	16%	2,548	1,805	955	9,635	56,893	55
4%		1%	13%	2,433	893	643	7,519	56,781	54
3%	5%	3%	14%	2,179	3,886	1,949	9,345	59,903	53
3%			12%	1,667	3,617	1,364	7,495	55,307	52
3%	2%	2%	13%	2,240	1,575	1,005	7,816	59,206	51
4%	3%	4%	50%	2,863	2,030	2,447	29,359	31,050	50
3%			11%	1,664	1,968	696	6,124	59,601	49
3%		2%	21%	2,069	1,516	778	12,122	51,611	48
5%	2%	3%	29%	3,322	1,127	1,800	18,357	46,665	47
6%			43%	3,670	1,428	2,368	26,957	36,591	46
3%	4%	3%	11%	1,599	2,577	1,421	6,094	54,407	45
2%	11%	3%	10%	1,424	6,169	1,965	6,038	50,195	4
2%	9%	2%	9%	1,238	5,415	1,286	5,426	53,929	43
4%	7%	25%	39%	2,457	4,712	15,477	22,860	22,249	42
3%	8%	21%	22%	2,108	5,391	13,134	13,409	36,636	41
4%	10%		20%	2,188	6,793	9,409	11,855	37,855	40
2%	8%	2%	8%	1,425	4,666	1,138	4,747	56,301	39
4%	4%	3%	17%	2,452	2,725	2,112	10,767	55,372	38
2%	14%		12%	1,561	8,844	5,242	6,867	44,842	37
3%	12%	16%	20%	1,855	7,037	9,031	11,259	33,349	36
3%	8%	3%	17%	2,155	5,004	1,584	10,746	51,914	35
4%	7%	4%	41%	2,824	4,278	2,161	24,555	34,147	34
3%	9%	2%	14%	1,672	5,776	1,370	8,332	52,619	33
5%	4%	5%	53%	3,002	2,499	2,731	31,088	26,036	32
4%	8%	3%	34%	2,573	4,614	1,673	20,106	37,689	31
4%	8%	17%	44%	2,469	4,874	10,005	25,580	22,065	30
5%	5%	3%	52%	3,229	3,672	1,646	32,067	29,262	29
Percentage	Percentage	Percentage	Percentage	Native VAP	VAP	VAP	Latino VAP	White VAP	District
2019 Native	2019 AAPI	2019 Black	2019 Latino	2019	2019 AAPI	2019 Black	2019	2019	House

5%+ Native		30%+ Latino 15%+ Black 8%+ AAPI	30%+ Latino						
cr	10	7	16						
3%	2%	2%	14%	1,870	1,191	1,161	8,391	55,187	65
4%	1%	3%	28%	2,423	790	2,101	16,570	45,243	64
4%	3%	2%	26%	2,551	1,670	1,149	15,646	47,162	63
7%	2%	3%	50%	4,208	940	1,466	31,876	32,199	62
3%	2%	1%	28%	1,999	1,193	710	15,996	47,707	61
4%	2%	2%	9%	2,642	1,003	1,692	6,414	62,570	60
9%	2%	1%	12%	5,682	1,166	644	7,872	58,670	59
6%	2%	1%	17%	3,595	1,025	554	10,263	56,457	58
3%	2%	1%	10%	1,988	1,073	643	5,732	62,006	57
Percentage	Percentage	Percentage	Percentage	Native VAP	VAP	VAP	Latino VAP	White VAP Latino VAP	District
2019 Native	2019 AAPI	2019 Black	2019 Latino	2019	2019 AAPI	2019 Black	2019	2019	House



Testimony- 8/24/21 Colorado Redistricting Commission Commerce City

Good evening commission members. My name is Dr. Ernestine Garcia. I've lived in Thornton for over 20 years and lived and worked in Commerce City for over 20 years. Please address me as Dr. Garcia. My remarks will be directed to both the congressional and legislative commissions.

My community of interest is the Latino community. I agree and support the previous comments of keeping Commerce City whole and in the 8th congressional district.

The Latino Community in our area is a community of interest and should be considered for inclusion within a single district (congressional and legislative) for purposes of ensuring its fair and effective representation.

I am sure you are familiar with the results of the 2020 U.S. Census and know the Latino population is growing. The congressional map can keep the latino communities together in the 8th district by including Brighton which is 43% Latino, Thornton is 36%, Commerce City is 49% and then going north and including communities like Greeley which is 40% latino. By keeping our communities together, you give us a stronger voice.

As a retired Commerce City elementary school principal I know these areas have a shared interest in education. Our community needs a federal representative who can ensure we have equitable funding including Title 1, Title 3 for English Language Learners, Head Start, and higher education resources for hispanic serving institutions. The successful education of our students is a core value for the Latino community.

When drawing the lines for the legislative districts, I strongly urge you to prioritize latino representation. We must have legislators who are able to prioritize our issues at the state level. I was disappointed to see Adams County split so harshly in the legislative maps. Please keep our districts limited to just one county to ensure our communities of color are represented here in Adams County.

Protect minority voices and Latino communities of interest. You have the obligation to uplift the Latino voice and keep the Latino communities together. Not only is it your duty, it is the right thing to do.

Thank you for your consideration and service.

Thank all of you for allowing me to testify. These are probably long days for you. I want to praise you for the Preliminary map that you drew for District 7. These lines give us more commonality than our previous district 1, with the city of Denver.

South Jeffco is non incorporated. This is the area south of Hampden Ave. It is a very residential area, with a lot of home ownership.

The statistics in our South Jeffco area include 88% home ownership. The other 12% are obviously renters. Douglas County is about the same, Evergreen has 84% owner occupied residences/home ownership, making 16% renters. Conifer 12.7% renters. Lakewood, which is the 5th largest city in Colorado has 58% home ownership, making 42% renters. South Jeffco obviously has more commonality with Douglas County, Conifer and Evergreen.

Another Example: The median age in South Jeffco is 44 years, average age in Evergreen is 47 years, Conifer is 48 years, Douglas County is 40 years, Lakewood is 38 years. Please note the area we live in, South Jeffco is more settled. We have invested in our homes to raise a family. Renters are usually younger, more transient, and are not as invested in their homes and community.

The average age in South Jeffco is 44 years, Evergreen 46.7 years, Conifer 48.1 years, Douglas County 40 years, Lakewood is 38 years.

This tends to show the suburban area of South Jeffco is more settled. People are older and farther along in their career. They are raising a families. Want a larger residence with a yard, swing sets, play ground equipment etc. Renters are more mobile. They usually don't want a yard or a larger residence. They want to utilize their time for other events. Having a larger residence and yard is nice, these are also a lot of work. Suburban, non incorporated and rural areas want a relaxed home lifestyle.

Median household income in South Jeffco is \$113,000. Median Household income in Douglas County is \$120,000. Median household income in Evergreen is \$116,000, Conifer median household income is \$109,200, Median Household income in Lakewood is \$67,000.

South Jeffco, Evergreen, Conifer and Douglas County have much commonality. Our incomes are closer, we have fewer rentals, we are less mobile, we are closer in age, we are choosing areas in which to raise a family. We need representatives who understand, recognize, and represent our needs. Not the needs of an urban area.

I appreciate the work you have done with the Preliminary Map from June. We have more commonality with much of the area you have mapped out. Please keep the present map, or at least be sure South Jeffco is with Douglas County, Evergreen and Conifer.

Also, it is my understanding that these congressional districts are totally separate from school districts. One does not affect the other. I know that was a concern from some that have testified.